Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

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Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

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EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

HENRY CARTER, the well-known publisher, better known as "Frank Leslie," died at his home in New York on Saturday.

FOR President, James G. Blaine, of Maine; for Vice President, James A. Garfield, of Ohio. This is our ticket and we don't care who knows it.

REPRESENTATIVE HISCOCK, of New York, is very sanguine that his State is a unit for Grant. There are a great many sanguine men about just now.

HENDRICKS, feeling himself slipping hopelessly out of the public confidence, has adopted the "pious dodge," and has started out as a Sunday-school orator.

THE bill to restrict Chinese immigration has been resurrected, and again brought before Congress. The bill was once vetoed, and the subject disposed of, and so it ought to remain.

A TORNADO passed through Taylorsville, Ohio, the other day, unroofing houses and tearing up things generally. This is a strange time of the year to be visited by a tornado, but then, Ohio is a queer State.

WE WOULD like to pat every Democrat in the county gently on the back as we have been so often patted, and put the same question that has so often been howled into our ears, namely: "Have you heard the news from Maine?"

PETER HERDIC is in for it again. He has been convicted of conspiring with a private banker to defraud the creditors of the bank, about the time of Herdic's failure. A motion has been made for a new trial, and the "much abused old man" may come out all right yet.

THE persistent refusal of the Republicans to work themselves into a perspiration over the candidacy of any man for the Presidency does not spring from indifference. It arises from the knowledge that there is plenty of first-class timber in the party for the construction of an invincible ticket.

THE New York *Tribune* says the Greenbackers start their confession of faith, which they are pleased to call a declaration of principles, with the observation: "We have reached a crisis in our country's history, and an epoch in human affairs." Why not be frank about it, call it a grave and get into it without further fuss?

GOV. HOYT'S appointment of Stanley Woodward, of Wilkesbarre, to the position of Additional Law Judge for the Luzerne district, does not meet with the approval of a great many Republicans and Republican journals throughout the State. The Luzerne people, many of them intimate friends of the Governor, were so incensed at his action that his portrait was torn from the walls of the club rooms and trampled under foot, and various other indignities were indulged in. "O, what a time was there!"

WHILE the probability was strong that the Maine fraud would be a success, the Democratic editors became bold in their defence of it. They would doubtless have upheld it from the start had there not been a lively fear that Senator Blaine would be able to checkmate it. Garcelon need have no fear that he will want for backers in his own party if he succeeds. It is only an unsuccessful fraud that makes a Bourbon editor unhappy. That is why he has howled so persistently over the result of the last Presidential election when his party failed in its efforts to purchase electors in three States.

The Maine Disgrace.

The ancients divided the world's history into four epochs, which they denominated respectively the golden age, the silver age, the brazen or copper age, and the iron age. More recently we have heard of the age of bronze, etc. The future historian will have no hesitation in characterizing the present as the age of *steal*. We are not sure, by the way, that it is not an improvement on the age of iron, as steel is a metal less crude and more brilliant and incisive than the other.

We cannot but believe that the politicians of this day and country have reached the very achme of proficiency in the practice of chicanery and fraud. The last specimen of political stealing has certainly far transcended the wildest imaginings of the the people as to the capacity of cliques or individuals for fraudulent practices. In the northeastern corner of the Republic, the executive and legislative departments of an entire State have been stolen—or perhaps we should characterize the act as rather one of bold and defiant robbery. Whatever name we give it, we can't make it smell any sweeter, nor modify the detestation in which it is sure to be regarded by the people of the entire country.

Acting upon some unexplained and entirely incomprehensible policy, the Democratic Governor and Council of Maine determined to give control of the State to their own party in defiance of the recently expressed will of the people at the polls. They refused to issue certificates of election to a number of Republican members-elect of the Legislature, and did issue such certificates to their Democratic competitors, pretending that there was some technical informality in the returns by which the former were declared elected. They refused to allow any investigation, or even an examination and comparison of the returns, as it might affect the Democrats to whom the seats were given, and who no one pretends had a majority of the votes cast in a single instance. In this manner the Democrats were given a majority of the seats in the Legislature, thus hoping to secure a Democratic Governor to succeed the present incumbent, as the people had failed to make a choice at the polls, under the provisions of the State Constitution and laws.

So much comment and indignation were excited by this action, so unpopular and damaging to the Democratic party was it likely to become that the Governor submitted the legal points involved to the Supreme Court of the State. Now, we ask, why did Governor Garcelon thus submit the question, in view of his recent action? He must have had a motive. Yet when the Supreme Court unanimously and in the strongest terms answered his queries, and decide in every case against the action of the Governor and Council, these worthies refused to pay any attention to their decision on the shallow pretense that their work was done and could not be undone. Again we would ask the Governor, Why, then, did you submit the points at issue to the Court at all, if their decision was to have no practical effect? The only pretense to an answer to this question is contained in the Governor's flimsy declaration that this decision will be of use in the future, as determining the law in the case. Regarding this action of the Governor, the New York *Herald* makes the following spirited comments:

"By this demand the case was fairly presented whether he would perform his duty as it had been judicially defined for him by the Supreme Court, or persist in his wrongheaded attempt to set aside the results of the election. He 'referred the case to the Legislature' upon the pitiful subterfuge that there was no way in which the certificates already issued could be recalled. In this poor, cowardly, sneaking style he supposes apparently that he asserts his dignity. * * * He cannot issue these certificates because of the others previously issued. But then the others are, in fact, not certificates. Any so-called certificate that he has issued to a man not elected is mere waste paper. He has not exhausted his function in issuing certificates, because in these cases he has not exercised it."

Yet the fraudulent Legislature was convened, and by what seems now to have been mistaken action on the part of Mr. Hale, the only Republican member who took his seat, the House has a bare quorum. At this writing we do not know what is to be the outcome of all this, but are sure that some means will be found to give the people their rights, of which a political robber has thus attempted to deprive them.

It seemed for awhile that a few honest men among the Democrats who were *not* elected, yet to whom certificates were issued, were going to have the manliness to refuse the seats thus fraudulently proposed to be given them. But the Democratic managers of this trickery were equal to the emergency. They got up a game of fraud, and thus hoped to divert attention from the Governor's action and to frighten the recalcitrant members into acquiescence by being made the tools of their infamy. From all the revelations that have been made so far, the scheme is one of the shallowest ever devised, yet it has, apparently, availed to secure one of the ends aimed at by its projectors—that of whipping in certain of the fraudulent members who showed symptoms of honor. That money was shown by certain Democratic members as the price of their proposed honest action, that they should declare beforehand that they were going to pretend to accept it, and afterwards expose the attempt to bribe them, even that some one pretending to be a Republican should have been hired to act as the supposed buyer—all this is quite credible, but that there is any reality in the whole transaction, but a shabby device of a desperate trickster, no sensible man can believe.

Before these lines reach the eyes of our readers, more will be known of the progress of this drama of fraud and treachery, and all will look anxiously for the unfolding of the next scene. That the right will eventually triumph we cannot doubt, but whatever the final result, this affair will live in history as perhaps the most disgraceful political transaction of modern times, while the party whose adherents concocted and attempted to carry it out, can never wipe out the shameful stain.

THE Curtin-Yocum contested election case has been under consideration by the committee of the House on contested seats for the last week. A. O. Furst, Esq., represented Mr. Yocum, and Gen. W. H. Blair, Mr. Curtin. The committee have listened to the eloquence of both of these gentlemen, and it is anticipated that they will soon do what it was supposed by all that they would do when the case was reached. A dispatch received last Monday, has this to say about the matter: "The arguments in the case of Curtin vs. Yocum have been closed. The papers will be submitted to the subcommittee charged with this case for final action. Springer says that it is his determination to examine these papers at once and report without delay. From general indications and the manner in which the members of the committee speak on this question there is little doubt of a decision favorable to the seating of Mr. Curtin."

THE church funds belonging to a Methodist society near Portland have mysteriously disappeared, and caused some excitement in that vicinity. If the whereabouts of the funds are not disclosed shortly we suggest that Garcelon be searched.

IT IS reported that Seymour is not willing to run. His tongue is running right along, though.

Maine Redeemed.

Last Monday night at twenty minutes before six o'clock the Republican members of the lawful Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Maine proceeded to the State House for the purpose of organizing the legislature. The movement was entirely unknown to the Fusionists, and but few of the Republicans outside of the immediate members were aware of the position of affairs. The news that the Republicans had taken possession of the State House spread rapidly, and caused great rejoicing among the Republicans who have been impatient to have just this result brought about.

Mr. Lamson, the Fusion President of the Senate, when he saw the people assembling, proceeded to General Chamberlain's headquarters, and excitedly said, "I protest against these men coming in." The General informed Lamson that he should allow the men to come in and stay as long as they pleased. There was no forcible resistance whatever. The halls were lighted. The minor officers of previous legislatures, familar with the premises, took hold and lent their assistance. In the Senate Hon. Jeremiah Dingley, Jr., called the meeting to order and Austin Harris was called to the chair. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Butler, member of the House. Charles Warner, Assistant Secretary of the last Senate called the roll, and 18 Senators responded to the call. A quorum was announced, those present all being Republicans, who proceeded to qualify, the oath being administered by Hon. Wm. Stratton. Andrew R. Smith was declared Senator from Lincoln county, on the face of the returns.

Joseph A. Locke was chosen President, receiving all the votes thrown, 19; Charles W. Tilden was chosen Secretary, and George E. Brackett, of Belfast, Assistant Secretary. The following order was passed: Ordered, that a committee of three members of the Senate be appointed by the President to report to the Senate for its action whether the Senate shall call upon the Justices of the Supreme Court for their opinion touching the legal organization of the Senate for the Fifty-ninth Legislature, and to report for the action of the Senate to such questions as the law and facts require in the premises.

The members of the House were called to order by Eugene Hale. Wentworth, of Kittery, was made temporary chairman and Smith clerk, who called the roll of members elect. All Republicans responded, but the fusionists did not. Eighty-five members of the House responded to the call and were qualified by William Stratton, clerk of the court of Kennebec county. Subsequently six members who were not by the face of the returns elected on account of defects, which were amended under the law of 1877, were admitted by resolutions submitted by Mr. Stroul. George E. Weeks, of Augusta, was elected Speaker. After the organization Mr. Hale applied a similar resolution to that passed by the Senate calling for the appointment of a committee to request the opinion of the Supreme Judicial Court as to the legality of the organization of the House. In making the resolution Mr. Hale spoke of the extraordinary circumstances under which they met. He said the object of the organization was to settle questions affecting the organization of the Legislature and the State Government. The House will obey the decision of the court.

On the morning preceding this action of the Republicans James D. Lamson, President of the bogus Senate sent a letter to that revolutionary body that he had assumed the duties of Governor, and Senator Ellis of Walds was chosen president *pro tem.* The committee on gubernatorial votes reported the whole number of votes cast 138,807, necessary for a choice 69,403. Daniel F. Davis had 68,770, Joseph L. Smith 47,748, Alonzo Garcelon 21,844, Bion Bradbury, 263, Daniel F. David 200. The constitutional candidates were Davis, Smith, Garcelon and Bradbury. A proposition was made to hold a joint convention of the two Houses for the purpose of qualifying the acting governor, which was done, and Lamson took the oath and was proclaimed acting governor by this fraudulent Legislature. When this fraudulent governor applied to General Chamberlain Commander-in-Chief of the State troops to submit to his authority, he was informed by that person that he should not recognize him or any other person as Governor elected by this Legislature as at present constituted. General Chamberlain has also issued an order forbidding all persons and organizations except regularly organized corps of Militia to associate themselves together as a military company or organization, or to parade in public with arms, and all military organizations will report to him otherwise ordered by him.

Thus does the dreams of the Democratic theries of Maine fade away into the "thin etehreal atmosphere." The right has triumphed, the Republicans have gone into the State House to stay not only for one year, but for a number of years. This fraud attempted to be imposed upon the people of Maine will not soon be forgotten or overlooked by honest men, and at the next election we may look for such a Republican triumph as has not been seen in the Pine Tree State since the war. The American people believe in honesty, and any party that cannot make its acts appear to be right and honest in the eyes of the people are sure to meet a rebuke. This Democratic blunder will also hurt their Presidential prospects, and many of the party leaders so regard it, but it is all right and renews the old trueism, "whom the gods would destroy they first make mad."

Democratic Folly.

In 1878 the Democrats raised a howl about fraud in the Southern States. We believe, and have always held, that this was the cry of the thief of "stop thief." But be that as it may, the charge of fraud and corruption hurt the Republican party and almost wrecked it. Now the Democrats have been fools enough to place themselves in a worse position in the Maine matter. The Republicans held that in the Southern States the voters were driven from the polls by Ku-Klux and other devices of Southern barbarism, and that the Returning Boards only fixed the returns to express the real intentions of the majority of the voters. They argued, with reason, that a State that contains nine thousand more black than white men must be Republican, from the fact that no one denied that the negro, if left to himself, would vote the Republican ticket. But the Democrats themselves do not pretend that in Maine they sought to give expression to the honest intention of the voters. For a time they pretended to have acted in accordance with the law, but an appeal to the Supreme Court forced them to abandon even this position, and now they fall back upon the silly plea that they are only doing as the Republicans have taught them. Apt scholars, indeed, but they will find they have something to learn yet, and that is to appear to be honest at least.

When the Republicans have done anything which seemed to our Democratic opponents to be unfair to them, they have not only pretended to have law for it but the courts have decided in their favor. Even then, as we say above, the cry of fraud hurt our party. What, then, may the Democracy expect now? Can they boldly proclaim themselves a band of thieves and not drive every honest man from their ranks? Can they, as they do, unblushingly admit that they have stolen a free State, subverted the will of the people as expressed at the polls, and not receive the condemnation of all honest men and true patriots? If they can, then the experiment of a government "of the people, for the people and by the people" is a failure, and the day when it shall perish from the earth is near at hand. The Maine fraud is an unblushing steal, for which there is no excuse. Every true patriot should condemn it, will condemn it, no matter to which party they may belong.

Newspaper Jottings.

The Renova *Record* is eight years old, and prospering.

The Gettysburg *Compiler* begun the new year with a new dress of type.

The Chambersburg *Repository* has arrived at the good old age of ninety years.

The Elk *Democrat* issued a daily during the session of the teachers' Institute,

The Detroit *Free Press* claims to pay Uncle Sam $10,000 a year in postage.

The Baltimore *Gazette* has reduced its price from two cents to one cent per copy.

The *Evening News* is the name of a new two-cent paper recently started in Philadelphia.

The Chambersburg *Public Opinion* has been greatly improved in appearance with new type.

The Philadelphia *Times*, always neat in appearance, has been still more improved with new type.

The Williamsport *Sun* is now published by a stock company. Col. Tate still has editorial control.

The Williamsport Sunday *Breakfast Table* is offered for sale. The proprietors contemplate entering a new field of labor.

The Monongahela City *Republican* has been enlarged from a seven to a nine column paper, and is greatly improved in appearance.

The Westfield *Free Press* has been changed to the quarto form, with five instead of seven columns to the page, and has a patent inside.

The Huntingdon *Journal* is getting quite aged, having entered upon its forty-fourth volume. It's just as frisky, however, as when in its teens.

The St. Paul *Pioneer-Press*, one of the best papers in the Northwest, recently was enlarged by the addition of eight columns, and at the same time came out in a new dress.

Jay Gould ought to feel pretty good. He is credited with owning or controlling three papers, the New York *Tribune*, Philadelphia *Press* and the Denver *News*.

It will be sixty-five years, on the 28th of the present month, since the London *Times* was first printed by steam, and it is intended to celebrate the anniversary in some appropriate manner.

The newspapers of Crawford county reduced their subscrption price to one dollar some time ago, but the heavy raise in the price of paper has forced them to advance to one dollar and fifty cents.

The Perkin *Gazette* is nearly 500 years old, and every now and then an old man hobbles into the office to pay a year's subscription, with the remark that he has been a subscriber ever since the first number was printed.

The first number of the *Blacksmith and Wheelwright* is out. It is an illustrated paper, devoted to the interests of blacksmiths, wheelwrights, carriage and wagon makers, machinists, &c. It is published in New York City

The New York *Star* gets off the following on the printer's devil:—The devil stood at his back yard fence, whence all but him had fled, the flames that lit his father's barn shone just above the shed. One bunch of crackers in his hand, two others in his hat, with piteous accents loud he cried: "I never thought of that!" A bunch of crackers to the tail of one small dog he'd tied; the dog in anguish sought the barn, and mid its ruins died. The sparks flew wide and red and hot; they lit upon the brat; they fired the crackers in his hand and eke those in his hat. Then came a burst of rattling sound—the devil! Where was he gone? Ask of the winds that far around strewed bits of meat and bone, and scraps of clothing and balls and tops and nails and yarn, the relics of the printer's devil that burned his father's barn.

THE London (Eng.) gas companies are becoming alarmed at Edison's successful experiments with the electric light, and are reducing their rates.

THE fact that Garcelon, of Maine, has made an ass and a fool of himself tickles the *Watchman* tremendously.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Poetry.

THE RIVER OF LIFE.

The more we live, more brief appear
Our life's succeeding stages;
A day to childhood seems a year,
And years like passing ages.

The gladsome current of youth,
Ere passion yet disorders,
Steals lingering like a river smooth
Along its grassy borders.

But as the careworn cheek grows wan,
And sorrow's shafts fly thicker,
Ye stars, that measures life to man,
Why seem your courses quicker?

When joys have lost their bloom and breath,
And life itself is vivid,
Why, as we near the Falls of Death,
Feel we its tide more rapid?

It may be strange, yet who would change
Time's coarse to slower speeding,
When one by one our friends are gone
And left our bosom bleeding.

Heaven gives our years of fading strenth
Indemnifying fleetness;
And those of youth, a seeming length
Proportioned to their sweetness.

THE BANISHMENT OF CUPID.

God of the golden quiver,
Too long has been thy stay;
I banished thee forever,
I banish thee to-day.

You first came so meekly,
So innocent in mein,
With a step so lame and weakly,
That I kindly took thee in.

I could not dream of danger
In such a face as thine,
And I wist not that the stranger
I harbored was divine.

But when you once had entered
My mansion, as a guest,
'Twas rare—the way you ventured
To rob me of my rest.

I took you in for shelter,
One friendless and alone,
And you turned things helter skelter,
And made my house your own.

So take your bow and quiver,
And make no more delay,
And never—mind, now, never—
Show your face again this way.

Miscellaneous.

Nina's Peril.

It had been a wet, dreary day, that seventeenth anniversary of my birthday, and Pauline and I had been sitting so long over our embroidery in the old oak room that we had exhausted every topic of conversation save one—that one which was the subject ever nearest my heart, but which was something too sacred to be handled on the flippant lips of Pauline D'Esterre, my ex-governesss.

But silence did not suit my companion. After a pause of a few minutes, she laid down her work, making the most of a deep yawn, and then, pointing to the pier-glass opposite, she remarked:

"What a fine contrast you and I make, Nina! Look—no man would admire both of us, we are so totally different."

She spoke English with a perfect accent, having been born and educated in England; but she inherited from her parents the French vivacity and marvelous taste in dress. As she sat there, with her dainty laces and bows and furbelows, she looked every inch a Frenchwoman.

She had made a true remark—we were totally different; for, while she was short and round, I was tall and slight, she was dark as night, with handsome black eyes; I was blue-eyed and fair-haired.

If I had one single point of beauty it was my hair—and I was really proud of that. I delighted in the heavy pale yellow waves which fell unconfined below my waist, and persisted in wearing my hair in that fashion, in spite of Pauline's suggestion that I should never get a lover while I looked so "babyish."

"No one could look *distingue*," was her opinion, "with hair flying about in all directions;" and she would stroke her own elaborate plaits and coils with great complacency.

I had given one look in the glass, at her request, and was turning away with a smile; but she caught my hand and detained me.

"Now which is cousin Hugh's taste?" she cried, with a laugh that had a mocking ring in it.

In spite of myself my face flushed, and I wrenched my hand away in annoyance. This was the one subject upon which I could not talk or jest with Pauline. I had never loved or respected her; but the light hand with which she had held the reins of government had reconciled me to her constant companionship. At this moment I felt that I positively disliked her.

With a touch of her own sarcasm, I replied:

"It is absurd to compare a girl of seventeen with a woman of twenty-eight," and turned away with scornful lip and burning cheeks.

It was an ugly, spiteful speech and the next moment I was heartily ashamed of it.

"Forgive me, mademoiselle," I replied, venturing to lay my hand in hers; but I might have known that I had committed an unpardonable offence. Pauline would forgive any impertinence, but no mortification of her personal vanity; and on the tender subject of her age she was particularly sensitive.

She pushed me angrily from her, and flounced from her seat, and out of the room, with such violence that my unfortunate work-basket was caught in the whirl of her silk skirt and dragged to the ground. This, and the catching of the aforesaid skirts in the door, rather marred the dignity of her exit; but the face she turned on me as she disappeared might have been that of an injured queen.

I stopped to pick up the scattered reels and scissors, and then, walking to the window and flattening my nose against one of the rain-dimmed panes, I began to think humbly and regretfully over my late pettishness. What could have induced me to be so rude, so unlady-like? Could a mean, contemptible feeling of jealousy have been the cause—jealousy that poor Pauline d'Esterre should have the smallest share of good looks which might possibly 'tract the attention of the man who was to be my husband?

Oh, Nina Brandon, I thought, in spite if your ancient name, what a contemptible little being you are for such a noble giant as Hugh Gordon to dream of calling wife!

This same Hugh Gordon was the embodiment of my ideal of the noble and chivalrous. As a child, my love for my soldier-cousin had been intense beyond my years, and the tears I shed at his departure had been among the bitterest that my life had known.

I was an orphan. There, on the window-pane before me, had been written eighteen years before, with a diamond, and by the hand of my fair young mother, the words, "Nina Brandon, aged eighteen." A year after she had died; her gentle life had ended when mine, amid sorrow and wailing for her loss, had begun.

The sight of this autograph, and the remembrance of the mourning I then wore for my father who had died only nine months previously, brought the tears into my eyes. How lonely and desolate I should have felt in the world but for one sweet hope!

It had been my dear father's will, uttered upon his death-bed to me, and often in his lifetime to Hugh, that we should marry each other, Hugh taking the name of Brandon, there being no male heir in the family. But did he love me with anything more than cousinly or brotherly love? That was the question with which I tormented myself from day to day. To be Hugh's wife would be for me happiness supreme—but for him?

After an absence from England of two years, he was to return that very night, and the question upon my future happiness depended would then be answered.

How slowly the hours dragged on! Twilight came; yet still with beating heart I kept my watch at the window. At last I heard the sound of wheels coming up the long avenues, and, first like a shadow in the dim distance, and then clearer and clearer, I saw my hero once again.

He was driving himself; and as the dog-cart stopped at the door he looked eagerly and hurriedly at all of the windows. But I had hidden behind curtains—a sudden fit of shyness had come over me. Though I longed to run down and greet him, yet I determined that I would not go until I was sent for. In a few moments the summons came.

"Miss Nina, the Major has arrived, and is asking for you."

Very demurely I walked down the broad staircase, though my heart was dancing with delight. He should not think me a giddy child, I thought.

I could hear his voice in the library, and supposed him to be talking to my aunt. The door was a little way open, and I was about to enter, when the thought struck me that I would take a look at him first; I wished to see whether he was much altered.

He was standing by the window, and his tall figure and handsome face stood out clearly against the light; but, to my great astonishment, it was not my aunt to whom he was talking in that low, familiar tone.

It was Pauline. She whom I had supposed to be a total stranger to my cousin was standing close to him, her hand upon his arm, her face raised to his with an expression of earnest entreaty. I heard her last words:

"I have never ceased to love you."

In the bewilderment of the moment the thought rushed into my mind.

"It cannot be real! I am dreaming, and shall wake in a moment; it is certainly a dream."

But my aunt's hand placed on my shoulder roused me to the reality.

In another moment Pauline came forward smiling, showing all her fine white teeth.

"Nina, my dear, Major Gordon and I have met before, in Paris. Is it not a pleasant coincidence?"

Mechanically I took the hand he held out to me with so much seeming warmth and eagerness; but when he would have drawn me to him and kissed me, as of old, I drew back coldly, and with as much dignity as my seventeen years could assume.

I could not be content with Hugh's cousinly love; therefore for the future he must treat me as a woman, not as a child.

He only smiled in an amused manner, and then turning to my aunt, began to converse with her. Beyond him I could see Pauline's dark eyes with a laughing triumph in them. I could not mistake her expression. No doubt she was thinking how favorably her welcome must have contrasted with mine.

My heart seemed bursting with grief and indignation. I could not remain a moment longer in their presence; so I stole quietly from the library and up into the old oak room, where such a little time before I had been watching for him with so much joy and pride, and there wept long and bitterly.

I did not notice how dark it was growing until a light suddenly streamed into the room, and Pauline entered with a lamp in her hand. She started with genuine astonishment as she saw me sitting by the window.

"Why, Nina—alone and crying! What is the matter, child?"

I raised my eyes, red with weeping, indignantly to her face.

"Pauline, you are a deceitful, bad woman; but I have found out your secret. You could not help knowing Hugh, and loving him, before you knew me; but why have you deceived me all this time? Why did you let me go on hoping—hoping?"

But here I broke down, for tears choked my utterance.

"Heaven!" screamed Pauline, her eyes flashing and her voice shrill with passion. "How did you know it? You have broken open my desk! You have read my letters!"

"Nothing of the sort," I replied; "but I saw the interview between you and the major, and heard you confess that you loved him."

"Well, and what then?" asked Pauline, with an evident relief which I could understand. "Major Gordon is free to love where he chooses, I suppose? Am I to be blamed because he chooses to follow the teachings of his own heart, rather than to carry out the arbitrary and mercenary plan of a deceased relative?"

With this cruel taunt she left me. And so my golden dream vanished! Oh, if he had only loved some one nobler and worthier than myself, I could then have borne it—but Pauline, whom I knew to be mean, vain, untruthful! In my bitter disappointment I was becoming uncharitable again; yet, in my heart I believed that I did not judge her unjustly.

One thing I determined upon; they should not see that I was unhappy. Pauline should not think that I was dying of unrequited love. So I sang gaily as I went about the house, became pert and flippant to Hugh; and altogether assumed a character as different from my own as possible.

It was evident that they did not know what to make of the change. Pauline would open her great eyes at my wild moods, but Hugh's grave face looked distressed; he did not approve of this new Nina apparently.

I steadily avoided being alone with him, and contrived that Pauline should always sit next to him at the dinner table, though, to my surpise, he took no advantage of the situation, but treated her with cold politeness—nothing more; while to me he was as he had ever been — gentle, kind, and tender as a brother.

None the less I steeled my heart against him.

"It is a new deception," I thought. "He wishes to hide his love for me, or he may be mean enough to wish to marry me for my fortune."

This state of affairs continued for some days, until one morning Hugh found me alone. I had always been an early riser; and, this particular morning being intensely hot, even so early as seven I took a book and strolled gently toward my favorite arbor, intending to read there until the breakfast bell rang.

This arbor was so hiden by shrubberies that could not be seen only from the thicket exactly facing it.

To my surprise, some one had reached it before me. Major Gordon was a great smoker, and had bought his cigars there, thinking he would be undisturbed. I could not turn back now without being positively rude; so I quickly took the seat he offered me beside himself.

To my great indignation, no sooner was I seated than he placed his arm round me in the coolest manner imaginable, making me rest against him; yet it was naturally done that it seemed no more than a cousinly action, and mere affection to resent it

"There—now we are comfortable," he said, throwing away his cigar. "The early bird is proverbially a fortunate one; but I am rewarded beyond all my expectations. Do you know, Nina, this is the first *tete-a-tete* we have had since I returned? I have scarcely had an opportunity of telling you how much I find you altered."

"For the better, I hope," I remarked, bluntly.

"Well," he returned holding back his head, and pretended to eye me critically, "from a child you are grown to be almost a woman—and a very charming one, too; but I must confess that to me, personally, you were more charming as the child. Two years ago I felt sure of this little Nina's love. But now—what am I to say, little one?" "I do not love you any the less, cousin Hugh—and as a cousin, I shall always love you," I answer with a dignified air.

He spoke very gently in reply.

"But it is not cousinly love that I want, Nina. Why are you so sadly changed? You will scarcely suffer my arms round you at this moment; you have not once kissed me since I came. Two years ago you would have done so without the asking."

His words so bewildered me that I scarcely knew what I said. Starting to my feet, I exclaimed:

"Major Gordon, you must remember that I am no longer a child. Would it be maidenly in me to make those advances you mention before the woman who loves you and whom you love?"

A light seemed suddenly to break upon his understanding. Holding out his arm to me, he cried—and, oh, that loving tone could not have been assumed—

"Come back to me, Nina! Come, little one—oh, how you have been deceived?"

I hesitate one moment, and in that moment the chance was lost. A rustling of the syringa bushes behind the arbor first startled me, and immediately afterward Pauline's figure appeared in the doorway.

She was flushed and painting; and a smile, which she vainly endeavored to make agreeable, parted her lips.

"I am sorry to disturb you, but there is a parcel come for you, Major Gordon, which the bearer is waiting to deliver into your own hands."

My cousin hesitated, looking from her to me, and then quietly placed my arm in his.

"No, no," said Pauline, quickly, taking my hand, as if to draw me away, "it is so hot; Nina and I will follow slowly."

Her look toward me was so malicious that I involuntarily clung closer to Hugh's arm. He answered by a slight pressure of the hand he held.

"Excuse my rudeness, Mademoiselle D'Esterre, he said, "but I am anxious to resume the conversation which you were compelled to interrupt. My cousin and I will come after you in a few minutes. The messenger may wait."

Pauline looked baffled.

"In turn, excuse me Major Gordon. Nina, one word in your ear."

As I bent toward her, she whispered, quickly, "Little stupid, it is your money, not you, he wants." With this parting sting she hurried out of sight.

The long winding path between the sweet scented syringas seemed to me the road to Paradise that morning, as I walked slowly and thoughtfully up to the house, Hugh's arm around me, while his beloved voice, in low earnest tones, was telling me the tale of his love—how he had known Pauline in Paris some years ago, while I was yet a child, and he too young to know what real true love was; how he had been fascinated by her for a time, till he found how unworthy she was—till he had felt that his love for his child cousin had grown to be the hope and aim of his life.

And when, hidden by the laburnums and lilacs, we halted in the path, and, at his request, I reached on tip-toe to take his dear, brown head in my hands and kiss him, as I had done two years ago, how proud I was at that moment—proud of my noble, handsome lover.

My joy was a little clouded by the remembrance that he was compelled to be absent all that day; but, with such sweet thoughts to bear me company, how could I be dull? Even Pauline's spiteful speeches and inuendoes fell harmless; if she had truly loved Hugh, I could only feel the deepest pity for her.

She had always slept in the same room with me. I felt little inclined for her company that night, though at the same time I could not easily invent an excuse for departing from the usual custom; so, having undressed in silence, I laid my happy head upon the pillow and fell to dreaming sweet dreams, in which my lover and I were walking through endless paths strewn with roses and bordered by golden blossoms.

Suddenly, in the midst of my dreams, it appeared that a serpent raised itself from among the crimson roses and hissed in my ear. I woke with a scream, to find Pauline standing by the bedside. The room was filled with singular, rosy light, making every object in the room as clear as by daylight.

I could not hear what she was saying, but her face and lips were ashy white, and her eyes starting from their sockets.

In another instant her voice pierced my ear in words that sounded like a prolonged shriek:

"Nina! awake — awake! The house is on fire!"

I raised myself upon my elbow, still stupefied with sleep. I saw her rush wildly about the room, seizing her jewel case, her desk—all that she could grasp that was valuable; but I could not rouse myself—I seemed still to be in a dream, though now all was changed and ghastly.

Suddenly Pauline stopped and looked fixedly at me—it was a singular look, and I have never forgotten it. I can recall it now as plainly and with as horrible distinctness as upon that dreadful night. At first it was a wavering, irresolute expression—she moved half way toward me, as if with the intention of rousing me from my lethargy, then halted, and a fixed determination and sternness settled upon her features. Once more she grasped her treasures, then walked hurriedly from the room, and I heard the door close benind her.

This seemed to break the spell that was upon me. I darted from the bed and flew to the window. It was a frightful scene. To the right of my bedroom all was in flames. A balcony which ran along in front of five windows, of which mine was the centre, had already caught—such ravages had the fire made before it was discovered.

Taking all this in at one glance, I sprang to the door. Oh, Heaven! it was locked on the outside!

I shrieked, I raved, I battered at the door with my feeble strength till my hands bled, but I felt no pain.

Oh! Pauline, Pauline, you must have been mad with terror—you could not have doomed me to such a death!

Once more I flew to the window. The scene was changed. Nearer and nearer were creeping those awful tongues of fire, while below looked up a sea of horror stricken faces, ghastly in the lurid light.

One figure alone I could distinguish—that of my lover carrying in his arms a senseless figure. It was Pauline. Then her words were true—she was the love of his heart, and he had flown to her in the first moment of danger! Be it so; but still life was so sweet—so sweet—and I was so young to die!

I stretched out my hands imploringly toward him.

"Hugh, Hugh, save me too! Oh, save me! Do not let me die!"

My voice, though I could scarcely hear it myself, it was so hoarse and unnatural, reached his ears. He turned toward me with a great cry, and rushed into the house.

In that one look I knew that he would save me or die.

A strong calm came over me; I no longer shrieked, but standing erect before the window, and in the face of that hopeless crowd, keyt my eyes fixed upon the door from which was to come my salvation.

It must have been but a few moments, though to me it seemed an age, before it came. I felt Hugh's beloved arms carrying me over the hot floor and down the stifling stairs. I heard his voice murmuring, "Thank Heaven that I have saved you, my precious Nina!" Then all became dark.

I was insensible for many days. When I came too, it was to find myself in a strange room and in a strange house—for my dear old home had been burnt to the ground.

Pauline had disappeared on the night of the fire, but some weeks later a note reached me through the post. It contained these few brief words:

"You will never see me again, but I write to tell you that—though I bear you no love—I am glad that you were saved. It was the madness of the moment that prompted me to lock your door. Had I not fainted in the smoke, I should have returned to set you free at the risk of my life.

"PAULINE."

I was glad to receive that letter, and I hope that Pauline is now a better and happier woman.

Scarcely a hair of my head was singed in the fire. But, alas, my poor Hugh! Even now there are scars on his dear face and arms, which I lament over, but which he glories in as the price of his wife's life.

Cetywayo.

Cetywayo arrived at Cape Town, South Africa, Sept. 16th, and the English Colony turned out in force to see the monarch pass. He is an exceptionally fine specimen of the noble savage; a big black, nearly fifty years of age, and standing nearly six feet. He is well proportioned, has a fully developed frame, and a good natured, broad, open face of the Zulu type, quite unlike the portraits that have appeared in the pictorial papers. He dresses now in a suit of European clothes, in which he does not seem at all uncomfortable. He was accompanied to Cape Town by four of his wives, four followers and a little girl, who is said to have looked with strange wonder at everything around her.

Major Poole speaks more favorably of the King's general amiableness, and says he gave very little trouble on the way down, except on one or two occasions, when he became sulky and demanded to have an entire ox roasted for his daily meal. In Simon's Bay he was taken on board the Bodicea. There he saw soldiers at drill, and expressed wonder and admiration, remarking, "I was only born yesterday. I am a mere baby. I never should have fought against such good men as the English, who intended to take away my country and govern it so much better than I could. They shot us to make us Christians. I ask pardon for shooting back at them." In an interview between the Premier of the Cape Government and King Cetywayo, the latter said: "I was a child of the British Government. My father, the English, came to chastise me for wrong doing; I caught the stick with which he wished to beat me, and I broke it. I did wrong to fight him, and am punished. I am no longer a King. The English are a great people. They will not kill those who fought with them. I hope the great Queen will pardon me, and allow me to return to my country, and give me a place and permit me to build a kraal."

When informed that the Government would treat him with consideration, in view of his valor and previous distinction, and that the English officials desired to supply him with everything necessary for his comfort, Cetywayo asked that ten more of his wives be sent for at once, giving the names of his favorites. It is not probable, however, that this request will be granted.

A Life's Sad End.

In a cheerless dwelling at No. 1620 Bodine street, Phil'a, Mrs. Ellen Lloyd was found lifeless on Saturday morning, lying on a miserable coarse mattress, she evidently having frozen to death. Inquiry among her neighbors revealed the sad story of the unfortunate woman's passion for strong drink. Separated from her husband some nine months ago, she began to tread the downward path by indulging her appetite for liquor. She was able, however, to retain her position in the stocking manufactory of W. P. Nicholls, on Franklin street and Girard avenue, where her services were highly valued. Five weeks ago she started on a spree and did not return to her work. Piece by piece her furniture and other household effects were sold in order to supply money with which to buy rum, until only a few articles remained.

Last Friday night Mrs. McIlvaine, who lives in the adjoining house, heard the woman groaning, and surmising that she was sick, made some tea, and taking some eatables tried to get in the house, but was unable to do so. A similar effort was made the next morning with the same result. The police were notified, and upon forcing the door open they found Mrs. Lloyd dead, with no clothing on but a thin calico dress. Her body was removed to the Morgue, and the Coroner notified. The deceased leaves a young girl of 13 years, who has been taken care of by her father.

If your local paper happens to tread on your toes a little in performing its mission, don't get your back up and abuse its editor, but stop and take a good breath and think for a season and see if you can't remember some of the favors and kindness it has shown you in the past. Then reflect that it may not be long before you want favors again.

This year is peculiar, not alone in being leap year and having five Sundays in February, but in having three holidays on Sunday,—Washington's birthday, Decoration day, and the Fourth of July.

As the language of the face is universal, so 'tis very comprehensive; no laconism can reach it; 'tis the shorthand of the mind, and crowds a great deal in a little room.

An Old Romance Revived.

A romance connected with the career of the great Napoleon is revived by the Dresden correspondent of the Detroit *Free Press*. Three miles from Dresden is the village of Planen, one of the prominent features of which is a ruined chateau. In 1812 it was the seat of Count Keilmansegge, who was one of the gayest officers of the Saxon court. He had a beautiful bride of sixteen, who, during the period when Napoleon had his headquarters at Dresden, was fascinated by the Emperor, and became his mistress. Count Kielmansegge, on learning that she had proved false to her marriage vows, hurried her from court to the seclusion of the chateau. Some time afterwards he died from poison, which she was proved to have administered. She was sentenced to death, but Napoleon interceded for her with the Saxon monarch, and though pardon could not be granted, the sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life in the chateau, with the provision that she was never to see a human face, except those of two female attendants and that of the public executioner. As a constant reminder of her crime and its remitted punishment, she was compelled to wear crimson silken cord around her neck, and the executioner was empowered to visit her frequently to see that the badge was worn. She died in 1873, an aged, infirm woman, and when the chateau was sold with adjoining property to a brewery company, a pile of letters from the great Emperor, of the most amatory and passionate nature were discovered, which drew attention to the half-forgotten life-story of the Countess Keilmansegge.

Connecticut Swindles.

The arrest of George B. Bocemsdes of West Haven by special agents of the Government was the first step by the Post Office Department in an attempt to break up the business of a number of small printing concerns in this vicinity that have advertised largely in a sensational manner under all sorts of aliases to send by mail visiting cards elegantly printed, photographic albums, and nine dollar dictionaries for forty-four cents, etc. Special agents say that Bocemsdes had thirteen aliases, among them Miss Ella Ray, Miss Nellie Williams and the Royal Publishing Company. It is claimed that complaints have been frequent that orders have not been filled, but the accused says the business was fairly conducted, and that orders were left unfilled only by accident. There are said to be seventy-five similar concerns in the State.

Men And Things.

The *Commercial Advertiser* thinks when a man's wife is able to walk 342 miles in five days there ought to be no necessity for his walking the household track with a refractory infant when all the world is hushed in peaceful slumber.

Q. If upon a snowy day a gentleman sees another gentleman slip and fall he laughs, whereas if he sees a horse slip and fall he does not laugh. Why is this thus? A. Because if the gentleman that laughs had fallen the gentleman that has fallen would have laughed, whereas the horse wouldn't.

"Chicago is now the recognized centre of North American civilization, culture and commerce. It is the only city on the continent where a convention can be held without crowding the delegates. It has the biggest hotels, the finest halls, the largest Exposition Building, the best railroad facilties, the most accomplished pickpockets and the slickest garoters in the world."—*Chicago News*. That's right; tell the truth and shame "Auld Cloatie," and, like a woman's letter, always put the most important thing last.

The Religious Herald of Richmond, Va., says: "Such men as Toombs are the greatest enemies the South has. They furnish weapons to those who are disposed to fight us. They are public nuisances."

Hon. David Davis dallies. He should assume his place in the presidential line before all the space has been taken. Mr. Davis requires a great deal of room.

Victor Hugo never heard of Emerson until the other day. Well, if this is any sign of genius, there is a man in Rabun county, 70 years old, who never heard of either of them. But if they were revenue men they would have heard of him. Circumstances are so different in this world.

George Augustus Sala complains that in America he has to pay twenty cents for a shave which only costs six cents in England. As to that, he can get a shave in England for a penny, but he must sit in a hard chair, wipe off the lather on a public towel and comb his own hair. The difference between the barbers' shops of the two countries is as marked as that between their prices.

Mrs Hannah Simpson Grant, the mother of the General, is now, at the age of eighty, living with her daughter, Mrs. Corbon, in a small retired house on the heights above Jersey City. She is a quiet and dignified old lady, with a small straight figure and regular features. She has bright dark eyes and a kindly smile, and she moves about with unusual vigor and activity. Mrs. Grant does not talk much about her son's re-election. "The General is not in the habit of giving himself up to conjectures," she said the other day to a writer of the *Press*, of Philadelphia. "When a question arises he decides it, and I do not think that he has given any thought to the possibility of his being nominated again."

Medical.

BENSONS CAPCINE | CAPCINE | POROUS PLASTER

That the public may be protected against Imitations and Fraud we specially caution all purchasers of

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS

to see that the word CAPCINE on each plaster is spelled correctly. Do not allow some other plaster to be palmed off under similar sounding names, with the asurance thet it is the same thing or as good. Bear in mind that the only object such vendor can have is the fact that they can buy imitations at half the price of the genuine, and they hope by this substitution to gain a small additional profit.

1 4w **SEABURY & JOHNSON, Pharmaceutical Chemists**

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

Wilson, McFarlane & Co.,

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Dry Goods & Groceries.

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where can always be found a full line of

FRESH GROCERIES,

CONSISTING OF

Syrups, Canned goods of all kinds
Sugars, Corned Beef,
Teas, Bologna Sausage,
Coffees, Cured Hams,
Prunes, Hominy,
Pearl Barley,
Alden's Aup'd Pears,
Dried Sugar Corn, Catsup,
Pared and Unpared Peaches,
Dried Apples, Jellies,
Cracked Wheat and Oat Meal,
Pickles, Chow Chow, &c.

Full line of Fresh Family Drugs, Patent Medicines, Perfumeries, Fancy Soaps, and toilet articles generally.

BEST BRANDS OF SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO.

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Highest prices paid for country produce.

A FULL LINE OF FINE

CONFECTIONERIES and NUTS.

Cream Chocolates, Caramels,
French Mixtures, Gum Drops,
and pastes of all kinds.

CHICAGO CARAMELS A Specialty.

Paper-Shelled Almonds,
English Walnuts, Butter Nuts,
California Peanuts, Filberts,
Pecans, Raisins, Dates, Figs, &c., &c.

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STATE COLLEGE, PA

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARD

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired in short notice. 7-8-tf

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M. S. GRAHAM,

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In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5 1 tf

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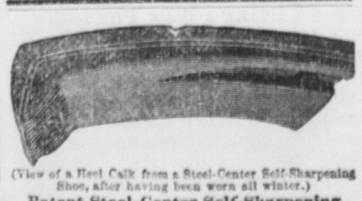
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High street Belleonte, Pa. 5 29 1y



(View of a Heel Calk from a Steel-Center Self-Sharpening Shoe, after having been worn all winter.)

Patent Steel-Center Self-Sharpening

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A sample set will be sent to any address (except in the States of Minnesota and Wisconsin) on receipt of $1. Prices by keg on application. **The advantage** of the Steel-Center Self-Sharpening Shoe is that the calk is **always sharp.** A thin plate of *steel* is rolled inside of the soft iron bar from which the Shoe is made. The soft iron in the calk partly wears away, leaving the sharp steel center, as shown in the cut. Address

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DAILY PAPERS & PERIODICALS

11-6

Professional Cards.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4 7t-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street, second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

W. A. MORRISON, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank. v6n1-1y

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS.
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Offices in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-82

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law
Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

JOHN BLAIR LINN, Attorney-at-Law,
Office on Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. 11-8-tf

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't..... J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. E. I. KIRK.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, can be found at his office and residence on North side of High Street, three doors East of Allegheny, Bellefonte, Pa. 10-16 1y

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,

DENTIST.

A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.

Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

New Advertisements.

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GRAINING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

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EPHRAIM BROWN, Lowell, Mass.

Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 9, 1879:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 25 a m
" " Williamsport		8 35 a m
" " Jersey Shore		9 07 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		11 00 a m
" arr at Erie		7 45 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		8 00 a m
" " Harrisburg		11 25 a m
" " Williamsport		2 25 p m
" " Lock Haven		3 50 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 50 a m
" " Harrisburg		3 35 p m
" " Williamsport		7 25 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 40 p m

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven	7 00 a m
" " Jersey Shore	7 33 a m
" " Williamsport	8 15 a m
arr at Harrisburg	12 05 a m
" Philadelphia	3 40 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Lock Haven	11 20 a m
" " Williamsport	12 40 p m
" arr at Harrisburg	4 10 p m
" " Philadelphia	7 20 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo	8 40 p m
" " Lock Haven	9 50 p m
" " Williamsport	11 10 p m
" arr at Harrisburg	2 45 a m
" " Philadelphia	7 00 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport	12 35 a m
" arr at Harrisburg	3 50 a m
" " Philadelphia	7 40 a m

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R.R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R.R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R.R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table December 31, 1877.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A. M.	Mail P. M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	3 25
Flemington	5 29	3 30
Mill Hall	5 33	3 33
Beech Creek	5 46	3 47
Eagleville	5 50	3 51
Howard	6 00	4 00
Mount Eagle	6 08	4 10
Curtin	6 13	4 16
Milesburg	6 23	4 25
Bellefonte	6 33	4 35
Milesburg	6 43	4 45
Snow Shoe Int	6 48	4 48
Unionville	6 58	4 58
Julian	7 09	5 10
Martha	7 18	5 21
Port Matilda	7 26	5 31
Hannah	7 34	5 40
Fowler	7 40	5 46
Bald Eagle	7 48	5 53
Vail	7 53	5 58
East Tyrone	7 58	6 03
Arrive at Tyrone	8 05	6 10
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 08	8 30
East Tyrone	7 15	8 37
Vail	7 19	8 42
Bald Eagle	7 23	8 47
Fowler	8 54	7 39
Hannah	7 36	9 02
Port Matilda	7 44	9 11
Martha	7 52	9 20
Julian	8 01	9 30
Unionville	8 11	9 42
Snow Shoe Int	8 21	9 51
Milesburg	8 24	9 55
Bellefonte	8 32	10 03
Milesburg	8 45	10 15
Curtin	8 55	10 25
Mount Eagle	9 00	10 30
Howard	9 08	10 40
Eagleville	9 18	10 52
Beech Creek	9 22	10 57
Mill Hall	9 34	11 10
Flemington	9 37	11 14
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 42	11 18

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Dec. 31, 1878.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.20 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.14 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.20 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.42 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.15 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.47 p. m.

DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

Clothing.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

FASHIONABLE SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT

LOW CASH PRICES.

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Plumbing and Gas Fitting.

WM. S. GALBRAITH,

PLUMBER,

GAS AND STEAM FITTER.

We pay particular attention to heating buildings by steam. Copper smithing and re-bronzing old gas fixtures done neatly and expeditiously. All our work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. W. S. GALBRAITH.

7-1f. Bellefonte, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

RAILROAD HOUSE,

Corner Front and Pine Street,

Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.

ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.

The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best he market affords 251y

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Zilla Richards, deceased, late of Port Matilda, Worth twp, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. 48 6t*

HUGH ADAMS,
Administrator.
Martha Furnace, Centre Co., Pa.

Grant's TOUR AROUND THE WORLD!

BY L. T. REMLAP,

Elegantly illustrated, 500 Pages, Price $2 00. Contains a full and accurate description of Tour, Receptions, Addresses of Welcome, Speeches, etc., both in all Foreign Countries visited, also in this country, including Reception at Chicago and Galena, his home.

ALSO,

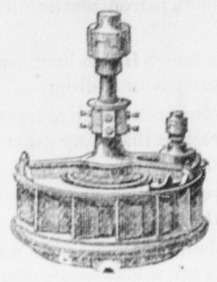
Moody's Sermons IN CLEVELAND, O.

Comprising New Sermons, Lectures, Prayers and Bible Readings, at Cleveland Tabernacle, with full Reports of Christian Convention of Ministers and Laymen under Moody and Sankey, all carefully revised. Only authentic Book published. Price $2. For Agency, Circulars, etc., for one or both books, address C. C. WICK & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

☞ Also other Good Selling Books. 49-4t

Foundry and Machinists.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,



BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS.

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

5 46a812-tf.

New Advertisements.

$1500 TO $6000 A YEAR, or $5 to $10 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cents to $2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address, GEO. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 24-1y

To the Farmers and Horticulturists.

A Remarkable Clubbing Offer.

By special arrangement the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN and the *Rural New Yorker* (which is a 16-page illustrated agricultural weekly) will BOTH be sent to one address, one year, for ONLY $3.80. Every subscriber who accepts this offer will also receive a package of the plants and seeds of the

Great Seed Distribution

free, which itself is valued at $3.50! By this great offer we have secured to our readers two of the best papers, and a selection of valuable seeds, total value, $6.30, which we agree to send for the remarkably low price named above. A fully illustrated description of the seeds and plants will be sent to all who apply for a sample copy of the *Rural New Yorker*, New York City. Below we give a condensed list of the seeds and plants that are offered:

First. "The Cuthbert Raspberry"—TWO plants. E. P. Roe says of it: "As far as I can now judge, it seems to me the most valuable Raspberry, and I have planted five times as many of this variety as of all others put together."

Judge Parry says: "The Cuthbert is far ahead of all the others in abundance of fruit, size of berry and hardiness."

T. S. Force says: "No Raspberry can be more highly recommended for general purposes."

Charles Downing says: "I consider it the most promising Raspberry before the public, as far as tested."

J. T. Lovett says: "It is the perfect Raspberry."

It is at once the highest-flavored, largest, most prolific and HARDY *variety of Red Raspberry known.*

Second. "The Telephone Pea." The new English Pea. At present held in England at $80 per bushel at wholesale.

Third. "Mo'd's Ennobled Oats." Mr. Mold, of England, is the introducer of this variety. On the farm of the *Rural New Yorker* it yielded, last season, at the rate of 86 bushels per acre.

Fourth. "Abies Sibirica," one of the hardiest and most beautiful evergreens known.

Fifth. Seeds of Magnolias, Soulangeana, Lenné, Acuminata, Fraseri, Glauca and Umbrella.

Sixth. Seed from Seedlings of the beautiful and new Iris Kæmpferi. Hardy.

Seventh. Seeds of the splendid Pipe Vine, Aristolochia Sipho. Hardy.

Eighth. Seeds of the Man-Root, Ipomœa leptophylla. Hardy.

Ninth. Seeds of Bebb's New Aguilegias—bearing the largest flowers of any of the Columbines.

Tenth. "Hybrid Pentstemons." New, beautiful, hardy.

N. B.—The above *rare* collections of seeds are estimated to be worth over $2.50. Many of them cannot at present be purchased. 11-45-tf

DYEING.

Mrs. W. E. Shope takes this method to inform her patrons that she is now located on Harrison avenue, north of cemetery, Bellefonte, where she is prepared to do dyeing in the most complete and satisfactory manner. Old clothes made as bright as new.

CHARGES MODERATE.

Don't forget the place, Harrison avenue, Bellefonte. 10-46-tf

Miscellaneous.

Iron City College

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Exclusively devoted to the practical education of young and middle-aged men for active business life. School always in session. Students can enter at any time. Send for circular. 11-47-12t J. C. SMITH, A. M., Principal.

$25 to $5000 Judiciously invested in Wall St. lays the foundation for fortunes every week, and pays immense profits by the New Capitalization System of operating in Stocks. Full explanation on application to ADAMS, BROWN & Co., Bankers, 28 Broad St., N. Y.

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & CO., Maine. 10 21 1y

Home For Sale!

—:o:—

The subscriber offers at private sale his

Desirable Residence,

situated in Spring township, about 400 yards from the borough line of Bellefonte. The property consists of

THREE LOTS,

fifty by two hundred feet each, upon which is erected an excellent two-storied

Frame Plank House,

twenty-five by thirty-two feet: size of parlor 12x23 ft; sitting-room 9x12; dining-room, 12x15; kitchen (attached), 16x16; hall, 6x15: four sleeping-rooms, one clothes-room, and hall on second floor; one sleeping-room in attic,—all in the best repair.

The house is situated on high ground, with two Terraces, an Arbor, Choice Shrubbery, Trees, and

A LARGE GARDEN,

with Choice Fruit Trees, Stable and Shop, and all necessary out-buildings; also, a Cottage-House for children, and a

Spring of Running Water

at back door.

For further particulars, apply to H. D. LANDIS, 11-35-6m Bellefonte, Penn'a

PREPARED COKE

—FOR—

FAMILY USE.

—:o:—

The Bellefonte & Snow Shoe R. R. Co. having completed their Coke Breaker and Screens, are now prepared to furnish all sizes of Coke for stoves, Ranges and Furnaces.

PRICE,

$3.00 per Ton of 2000 Pounds.

35 3m. DANIEL RHODES,
Sept. 5th, 1879. Gen. Supt

PAINTERS.

DOAK & LONBERGER,

Painters, Paper Hangers and Kalsominers will attend promptly to all orders in their line of business addressed to them by mail or left at the REPUBLICAN office. 9 28-1y

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER

Is the greatest **Blood Remedy** of the age. Tetter, Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, and all **Blood** diseases yield to its wonderful powers. **Pure Blood** is the guarantee of health. Read: "It cured my son of **Scrofula.**"—*J. E. Brooks, Painesville, O.* "It cured my child of Erysipelas."—*Mrs. E. Smaltzer, Lorimers, Pa.* Price $1. R. E. KELLERS & CO., Druggists, Pittsburgh, Pa. *Sold by Druggists and Country Store Keepers.*

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OBTAINED for Inventors, in the United States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced rates. With our principal Office located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have, therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents and other valuable matter. We refer to the German-American National Bank, Washington, D. C.; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Joseph Casey, late Chief Justice U. S. Court of Claims; to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Members of Congress from every State. Address, LOUIS BAGGER & CO., Solicitors of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C. 17-1

SIX CORD

ENDORSED BY OVER THIRTY SEWING MACHINE EXHIBITORS AT THE EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE, Paris, 1878 AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, PHILADELPHIA, 1876, As being "Very STRONG, SMOOTH, and EXCELLENT THREAD."

TRY IT S.F.T. ESTABLISHED 1856.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY BY USING

MANUFACTURED AT MOUNT HOLLY, N.J. STUART & BRO (LIMITED) AGENTS, N.Y. & PHILA.

MEDALS AWARDED | PARIS, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK & BOSTON.

TRY IT SEMPLE'S SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON

SOFT FINISH

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this t'p'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Republican County Executive Committee.

JOHN I. RANKIN, Chairman.

H. H. BENNER, } Secretaries.
CLAUDE COOK, }

District.	*Names.*	*P. O. Address*
Bellefonte, N. W.	David M. Glenn,	Bellefonte
do S. W.	H. H. Benner,	do
do W. W	Wm. Shortlidge,	do
Howard boro'	Joseph Royer,	Howard
Milesburg boro'	Lyman T Eddy,	Milesburg
Millheim do	A O Deininger	Millheim
Philipsburg do	Capt Harry Simler	Phil'burg
Unionville do	Dr E A Russell	Fleming
Benner	John P Seibert	Bellefonte
Boggs	Capt Austin Curtin,	Roland
Burnside	Wm Stewart, Jr.	Moshannon
College	David Dale	Lemont
Curtin	Warren S Lucas	Howard
Ferguson O P	Cyrus Goss	Pine Grove Mills
Ferguson N P	Dan'l M Clemson	Rock Sprg's
Gregg	Robt H Duncan	Spring Mills
Huston	Ira F Davis	Julian Furnace
Howard	D B Pletcher	Howard
Harris	Geo B Jack	Boalsburg
Half Moon	Larry C Love	Loveville
Haines,	Dr J T Musser	Aaronsburg
Liberty	D B Kunes	Blanchard
Miles	Reuben Grimm	Madisonburg
Marion	Capt S H Bennison	Walker
Penn	David Kimport	Millheim
Patton	Wm I. Furst	Buffalo Ru
Potter O P	Jas C Boal	Centre Hall
Potter N P	W J Thompson	Potters Mills
Rush	John A Mull	Philipsburg
Snow Shoe	C P Stoneroad	Snow Shoe
Spring	A J Swartz	Pleasnt Gap
Taylor	D G Ganoe	Fowler
Union	B W Shibley	Fleming
Walker	Philip Walter	Nittany
Worth	Thomas Weston	Port Matilda

Republican Committee Meeting.

The members of the Republican County Executive Committee will meet in the office of the Chairman at Bellefonte, on Friday, Jan. 16, 1880, at 2 P. M., for the purpose of electing two (2) delegates to attend the State Convention at Harrisburg, on February, 4th proximo, choose three (3) Senatorial Conferees, and transact such business as may be properly presented for consideration.

JOHN I. RANKIN,
Chairman.
H. H. BENNER,
CLAUDE COOK, *Secretaries.*

Additional Locals.

—Pure goods a specialty at Sechler & Co's.

—About four inches of snow fell on Monday and during the evening.

—If you want the best groceries, pure and good, go to Sechler for them.

—Isaac Haupt is making a cipital cigar from all Connecticut leaf. Try them.

—Thompson & Chaney's lumber mill at Port Matilda is running day and night.

—McCoy & Linn's finishing shop near the toll gate, is having an addition put to it.

—Last week was a "peeler" for weather;—fog, mud, rain and busted commandments.

—No matter if it is slushy and disagreeable walking, go to Sechler & Co's. for your groceries.

—Sheriff Spangler drove nearly fifty miles through the mud last Thursday, and his "Kiusa" ponies were as bright as ever by night.

—Tobacco and cigars of the finest quality always for sale at Sechler's grocery store, High street, opposite the REPUBLICAN office.

—A good chance for merchants to buy a good show case cheap, at Frank Blair's auction next Friday afternoon. He has six fine silver show cases which he will sell to the highest bidder.

—Col. Bachelder informs us that it is his intention to visit Gettysburg, some time during the latter week of July, for the purpose of making a studied tour of the battlefield, at which time all those who desire to gain a more thorough knowledge of the incidents of the great battle, can have an opportunity to do so by being present at that time and accompanying the Colonel over the ground. Transportation at reduced rates will probably be furnished those who wish to go, but at this early day nothing definite can be said.

Spatters from the Streets of Philipsburg.

The tannery here is doing an immense business. About 120 sides are finished daily.

Philipsburg patronizes the telephone liberally.

The Passmore House is prospering and the proprietor smiling.

Philipsburg can set up more mud to the square foot than any other town in the county.

Leap year parties are the popular thing in the town. Go in, girls.

Philipsburg has good side walks if the streets are a bottomless deep.

A great deal of coal is being shipped from this place for the Boston & Albany railroad.

Philipsburg employs more ladies in clerkships and other capacities, than many towns of larger size.

Since the rise in the water, a good many logs have been boomed, and the mills are booming generally.

Cheap John, who held forth so successfully not long since in Bellefonte, was here last week plying his trade.

Free fights are said to be frequently indulged in here, regardless of the terms of the law and much to the disgrace of the town.

John Ludwig, the manager of Hale's hardware store, went to Bellefonte on Sunday to see his brother (?) and Will Laurie was Great Mogul in his absence.

Which item reminds us that the town now sports a new lock-up, which will no doubt be "a terror to evil doers and the praise of them that do well."

Hale's new building will be an ornament to the town. No town in Centre has a commercial block to compare with it. It will be used by the bank and J. M. Hale & Co.

If any one can approach earer to perfection than Mr. Robert Lloyd, of the Lloyd House, in performing the kindly offices of the hospitable host we want him to put in his claim.

A change has been made in the firm of Hoover, Harris & Co., Mr Wm. V. Hughes, formerly of Bellefonte, having bought one interest, Mr. Hoy retiring. Mr. Hughes will shortly remove his family to Philipsburg from Camden.

A little boy was seriously injured in one of the livery stables last Friday evening, a horse kicking him and knocking him down and trampling on him while he was alone in the building. He was found lying insensible under the horse's feet, his head being much cut and mutilated.

Philipsburg against the world! Edison has an order from Mr. Casanova for the first electric light machine he has ready, and then the streets of the little town will be illuminated by the electric spark. Now let Bellefonte burst herself with wounded pride and Clearfield go mad with vexation.

A traveling disciple of Fowler & Combe lectured here last Friday and Saturday night, and "felt heads" in the meantime. Mr. Snell is evidently an enthusiast in the science and understands his work well. His public delineations were acknowledged as very correct. He avoids all mystery but strives to explain everything scientifically. We understand he intends visiting Bellefonte.

Mr. Webb. Bair, formerly connected with the Mt. Union *Times*, now does the local work on the *Journal*. The sprightly local page of the paper testifies of his abilities. SIGMA.

Centre County Ahead.

We find the following communication in the Chicago *Tribune*, in its issue of Jan. 10th. The writer, Erastus J. Burkert, and the executor of the remarkable feat in writing therein described, is a Centre county man, and his friends and relatives in this vicinity will be glad to hear from him:

Editor Chicago Tribune:

In last Sunday's issue of the *Tribune*, Fred A. Bruetz, under the heading of "Erastus J. Burkert Beat," published the fact of his having written 4,100 words, beating my card of 4,048. "One Who Saw It" published a statement that a postal card was on file at Morrison, Ill., containing 7,000 words. Investigation proves the existence of said card, that it contains 7,006 words of "miscellaneous matter," and that Mr. Griffin, of Chicago, is the writer. The postal card which I this day submit to the *Tribune* staff for inspection contains the fifth, sixth and seventh chapters of St. Matthew, the first, second, third, fourteenth and fifteenth chapters of Ecclesiastes, making an aggregate (with the headings) of 7,606 words, written without the aid of a glass. Writing from Scripture takes up more space than ordinary composition, because of the many short sentences, and consequent frequent use of capitals, which occupy twice the space of a lower-case letter. I therefore suggest that parties desirous of testing their eyesight and patience write this same subject matter, which will constitue a fair test, and count can easily be verified by doubting ones. ERAST J. BURKERT.

A Cow's Adventure.

A Wellsboro cow, of a reconnoitering turn of mind, surprised its owner a few days since by climbing up into the hay-loft of his barn. The *Agitator* says: A gentleman in this borough went out to his barn last Saturday morning to milk the cow. Upon opening the barn it was found that the animal had disappeared. Finally a bovine voice was heard aloft, and all the members of the family were called out to see the docile creature quietly eating her breakfast up stairs. How to get her down was the next question, and the head of the house deliberated upon it until noon, when, having arrived at no conclusion and being considerably out of patience, he repaired to the hay-loft to look the ground over. There the cow stood, evidently somewhat exercised herself, for she had her head out of the window, lustily bawling to the passers-by. This so exasperated Mr. —— that he gave her a sharp cut with a switch, when lo! the question was solved; for the beast wheeled and with a hop, skip and jump she was on the stable floor below as sound as ever. Mr. —— now thinks a cow might climb a tree if she would only try it.

—Jacob Schaeffer, of Chicago, and William Sexton, of New York, played a game of billiards at New York last week of 600 points for the championship of America, in the presence of an immense crowd. On the last inning Sexton stopped at 585 points, when Schaeffer ran the game out and took the belt. Sechler & Co., the popular firm in the Bush House block, have worn the belt for years for selling the purest and finest groceries in Centre county, and are several points ahead of their competitors. When you come to town stop in and purchase a stock and see the truthfulness of these words.

"Beautiful Fountain."

MR. EDITOR:—When we have occasion to refer to the "Big Spring," we mean not only the Spring proper, but include all that belongs to it. Heretofore when speaking of the "Big Spring," or when accompanying our visiting friends to see it, we carefully guarded against speaking of or showing them any of the unsightly appurtenances thereof, or, in other words, the water works, generally directing their attention to the Spring itself. Now, however, it is very different. The Spring, on account of the recent improvements made on it, is not the "beautiful fountain" in name, merely, but in fact.

By reason of public spirit and good taste displayed in the recent improvements upon the Spring and its departments by Col. Wm. Shortlidge, chairman of the water committee of our borough, we can speak of our "beautiful fountain" and view it with our friends with a degree of pleasure and pride that we never heretofore enjoyed. Col. Shortlidge has given the recent improvements to the Spring his constant, personal supervision, the result of which is a wonderful change in not only the appearance of the Spring and its surroundings, but also in the efficiency of the water power and pumps as well as in the steam power and pumps connected therewith. In these improvements he has accomplished at least two things in which the tax-payers are directly interested and for which I have no doubt he will receive the commendations of the whole community, viz:

1st. A larger and more permanent supply of water than formerly. By the alterations made in the power and pumps, at least four times the quantity of water is now forced into the reservoir than was formerly pumped by the water power machinery, and by a general inspection of the mains and stoppage of leaks, the supply is always equal to the capacity of the reservoir and ready for any emergency.

2d. A great reduction in expenses has been effected. Previous to the late improvements, the steam pump was kept pumping every day in the week, and the pumps propelled by water power were kept in operation during the night. At the present time, the steam pump is put in motion only four times during the week, and then only part of a day each time. The pumps are propelled by water power, pumping in the mean time day and night, thereby saving from fifty to seventy-five per cent. in the items of fuel, engineers' wages, wear and tear to steam boiler, pump, etc. In addition to all this, these improvements avoids the necessity of running the steam machinery on the Sabbath day as formerly, which certainly is no mean consideration in our christian community. In conclusion, we would suggest that every person and all their friends should come and take a view of the "BEAUTIFUL FOUNTAIN."

—The Clearfield *Republican* says that Bob. Larimer, the jovial typo of the *Democrat* office, was up in that region hunting *deer* during the holidays. Bob. will have to make a statement.

A Great Corner in Grain.

The grain syndicate in New York, which is controlled by Mr. James R. Keen, is likely to come to grief by a heavy decline in wheat. This syndicate has been bulling the market during the past two months, and prices steadily advanced, until the Eastern States and Europe refused to take any more than would supply immediate wants. The syndicate continued to buy at the advance, and now the news comes that the elevators of Chicago are full to overflowing, containing sixteen million bushels of wheat. Notwithstanding this immense stock in store, wheat continues to come forward in such quantities as to fill the cars of western railroads and put a temporary embargo on transportation. Shippers are now threatening to run by Chicago, and a tremendous break in the "corner" is in daily anticipation, which, when it does take place, will cause a decline of *twenty cents* per bushel. The business and railroad men of Chicago have a common interest in preventing a further suspension of business, and the farmers west of Chicago have large quantities of grain which they desire to ship. The railroads are ready to carry it, and it will not be difficult to extemporize storage and facilities for transfer, which will cause the grain to flow past the elevators, and prices must succumb, the "corner" to the contrary notwithstanding

MRS. SCOTT SIDDONS has shocked the faculties of Ashbury University, Ind., by reading before the students in a low-necked dress. She will have to wear a chest protector and a standing collar on her next appearance there.

WILL some one please fan the editor of the Wilkesbarre *Leader*? The man is suffering intensely for some sort of a Democratic boom, and actually hoisted a rooster over the appointment of Woodward.

MR. CHAS. S. PARNELL, the Irish land agitator, is now in this country working up a subscription to relieve the great distress of the agricultural classes in the south of Ireland.

THE eagerness with which the Democrats of Maine grasp the flimsy charge of bribery shows into what a desperate strait the Maine conspiracy has forced their party.

BISHOP GILBERT HAVEN died at his home in Malden, Mass., a few days ago. He claimed to be the first man to suggest Grant for a third term.

State College Notes.

Jan. 12, 1880.

The spring session of the State College opened last Friday. A large number of the old students have returned. Hotchkiss, of Williamsport, is among the arrivals. Campbell, of Mich., Herr, of New York and Blanchard, of New Castle, are the new students thus far reported.

Prof. Reeves and bride were *complimented* Saturday evening, by some very energetic music rendered by the students *enmasse*.

All the professors did not appreciate the courtesy of the "boys."

"Boss" is popular with the boys.

Lieut. Howe, military professor, has been ordered to California. He leaves this week. It is not known outside of the faculty (and it may not be known by them) whether the chair will be filled by another appointment or not. "IPSE DIXIT."

EXPOSITION OF 1876. Wandering through the United State section of this truly wonderful Exhibition, hyperornamented and over-displayed as the most of it is, I came upon an elegant glass case, whose modesty was the more conspicuous from its neighbors' finery, surmounted by the motto *Dignis Præmia* and displaying, in neat packages, the medical preparations of the house of DR. J. C. AYERS & Co., Lowell, Mass.

I was aware of the world-wide reputation of this eminent firm, for the character and quality of their goods, and remember well their agents in London, Messrs. Newberry, in St. Paul's Churchyard. Having a leisure hour, I determined to examine the contents of this case, myself, and I was surprised to see the delicate perfection to which they have brought their household remedies. I was chagrined at the reflection that, while we have at home the most skillful and, pre-eminently, the best physicians in the world, these Yankee doctors distance us so far in the line of popular medicines for family use. They have the sharpness to take advantage of the high scientific discoveries among us and make pills and potions as palatable as they are salutary. I was told by a leading druggist in Philadelphia, that DR. AYER'S manufactory was the largest in America, giving employment to hundreds. I must go to Lowell and see it, on my way home.—*Correspondence of the London (Eng.) Telegraph.*

Cameron's Position.

The *Herald* contains a leading special from Washington on Senator Cameron's position, which says: "The political significance of Senator Cameron's position as Chairman of the National Republican Committee has been so persistently misunderstood that it is worth while to make the truth plain. Mr. Cameron is not a Grant man, but a Cameron man. The Pennsylvania delegation to Chicago, if Mr. Cameron can control it, as he probably would like to, will be a Cameron delegation swung into line for that candidate, be he Blaine, Sherman or the ex-President, who appears to have success on his side. In 1876 the delegation was instructed for General Hartranft, with the same purpose, to be used when the time came to help the successful candidate succeed.

MR. CAMERON'S ASPIRATIONS.

"Mr. Cameron has no Presidential aspirations for himself at this time, but he does not find himself at home in the Senate. He is not a good or fluent speaker, and he sees that a gift of oratory is necessary to prominence in a legislative body. He believes that his peculiar strength would be best developed as a cabinet minister. He was very comfortable and happy as Secretary of War under the last administration. He is a good administrative officer, having from his youth had the management of men, and he likes power and patronage, such as a Cabinet Minister has and a Senator has not, or at least has much less of. As Senator he has to ask a Cabinet Minister for places; as a member of the Cabinet he would have the pleasure of receiving and considering the requests of Senators. What Mr. Cameron hopes for, therefore, is that he shall hold a Cabinet position under the next administration, and his relations with the three prominent candidates are such as to make him confident that if either is nominated and elected his desire will be gratified.

PERSONAL RELATIONS TO CANDIDATES.

He is a personal friend of the ex-President. He is related by marriage and on very friendly terms with Secretary Sherman, and he has taken care long ago to reconcile his differences with Mr. Blaine: is on extremely intimate terms with that gentleman, and spent two or three weeks last summer in Mr. Blaine's house in Augusta. Mr. Cameron is a man of the world. It does not matter to him who is President if he can secure his own place. But it is easy to see that, having his own end to gain, he will not make the mistake of committing himself irrevocably to any one candidate. He likes the ex-President, and has no objection to a third or any number of terms; and, no doubt, he would be glad to discover when he gets to Chicago that the Convention preferred to confer a third term on the ex-President rather than nominate any other candidate—that is to say, Mr. Cameron would prefer a third term nomination if he were satisfied it could win in November; but he has no notion of nominating a candidate who would be beaten.

FOR THE PARTY AND—CAMERON.

"He is a Republican: he hopes for a conspicuous political career as a Republican, and, whatever personal preference he may have among the candidates, he will sink them without a moment's hesitation rather than hazard the party's or his own success. He comprehends thoroughly that if the Republicans lose the election this year they, and he among them, will have a long and weary journey in the wilderness, and his first object, therefore, is the selection of such a ticket as will carry the country in November. If between now and next June Mr. Cameron becomes satisfied that the third term is popular, and that on it the party can most certainly carry the country, then undoubtedly he will appear at Chicago as the foremost and most zealous supporter of the ex-President's claims. But if he should see that the renomination of the ex-President for a third term is likely to damage the party; that it would weaken it in some of the doubtful States, and that another candidate would be a stronger and safer man at the head of the ticket, Mr. Cameron would certainly cut adrift from the third term movement and support the strongest candidate. He is in a good position to do so, for he is as sure of his place in the Cabinet under Sherman or Blaine as under a third term."

HIGH PRICED BUTTER.—Dairymen often wonder how their more favored competitors get such high prices for their butter the year round. It is by always having a uniform gilt edge article. To put the "gilt edge" on, when the pastures do not do it, they use Wells, Richardson & Co's Perfect Butter Color. Every butter maker can do the same. Sold everywhere and warranted as harmless as salt, and perfect in operation.

SHAN'T I TAKE A BLUE PILL?—No, don't take it and run the risk of mercurial poison, but when billious and constipated get a box of the celebrated Kidney-Wort, and it will speedily cure. It is nature's great remedy for constipation, and for all kidney and liver diseases. It acts promptly on these great organs and so restore strength and vigor.

A lazy man having a wife named Hope whose custom it was to pull off her husband's boots every evening, was wont to exclaim on such occasions. "How truly it is said that 'Hope is the yanker of the sole.'"

THE YEAR IS DEAD.

The year is dead, with hushed breath
We gathered around the couch of death,
And quietly wept for the year laid low,
Wrapped in a winding sheet of snow.

A twelve months since he was blithe, and gay
As a singing bird in the month of May;
His step was light as the thistle down,
And his face unmarked by Time's dark frown.

Twelve peals were given into his hand,
Twelve peals to form a shining band
To encircle the brow of Father Time,
As he pledged us each in death's pale wine.

Each pearl was a record of joy or woe
As it fell to the lot of friend or foe;
And dark, or bright must the shadows appear.
As we've worn the jewels of the dead, old year.

The winds wild wail is a requium drear,
That is chanted to-night for the old, old year;
Then we'll reverently over the shadowy face
And of thy whisper "*Requiat et Pace.*"

MARJORIE.

WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondent.

Jan. 8, 1880.

Congress did not transact any business on Tuesday, nor is it likely to this week.

The House Committee on appropriations meet to-day to complete the important bills now under consideration. They are the Army, Sundry civil service, and District of Columbia appropriation bills. All of them but the army bill, will be reported at the House at an early day. It is generally understood that measures will be introduced shortly, making radical changes in the organization of the army, and that action on the appropriation bill be delayed until the action of the House is determined.

A bill was reported in the House yesterday from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, authorizing the employment of 80 additional clerks in the Pension Department. This will make an addition to the force much needed. The present force is not sufficient to keep up with the work, and pensioners suffer many delays in getting their claims adjudicated. If the resolution is adopted, the increased force can soon reduce the accumulated cases, and pensioners can secure prompt action on their claims.

Senator Voorhess committee to investigate the colored oxodus will meet to-morrow for organization, and in a few days will get to work. While it is not expected that any startling developments would be made, or frauds unearthed, in connection with the exodus, the Democrats, at the time the measure was brought forward, expected to make a little capital out of it. They were frustrated in this by the timely remarks of Senator Windom on the causes of the exodus. The committee will not do any real work. The Democrats are not anxious to ventilate the real causes of the exodus.

In the revised rules of the House, is a provision taking the control of the River and Harbor Appropriation bill away from the committee on commerce and navigation, and placing it under the committee on appropriations. This is a good idea. In the past this bill has been the cloak for hiding numberless raids on the Treasury. It is usually passed under a suspension of the rules, all debate being thus cut off. Under the new control the bill will be discussed in the House, and members will not have the opportunity of tacking on to it so many appropriations of creeks and rivers which do not exist.

In the case of Chittenden against Butler, to test the constitutionality of refunding greenbacks, Chief Justice Waite gave as a reason for refusing to advance the case on the calendar, that questions relating to the constitutionality of any important financial measure, should be heard before a full bench. There is a vacancy in the Supreme Court, and the case will not be heard until it is filled.

PHIL.

WHEN YOU FEEL MEAN take Kidney-Wort, advertised in another column. It acts energetically on the bowels and kidneys at the same time, and so cures a host of diseases caused by the inaction of these organs. If you are out of fix, buy it at your druggists and save a doctor's bill.

New Advertisements.

WANTED.—Correspondence with country ladies, between the age of twenty-five and thirty-eight years, by a western farmer, (a batchelor), thirty-eight years old, light hair, blue eyes, fair complexion; length, five feet eight inches. Prefers to correspond with ladies with dark hair.

All letters should be addressed to this office, and will be forwarded promptly and the matter treated strictly confidential. 2-4t

CONSUMPTION

CURED. A simple vegetable remedy for the *speedy and permanent cure* of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, *and all Throat and Lung Affections*. Also a **positive and radical cure** for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, *which has been tested in thousands of cases*. Recipe, with full directions (in German, French, or English) for preparing and using, sent by mail **free of charge** on receipt of stamp. *Please name this paper.* W. W. SHERAR, 149 Fowers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

2 4-t.

AGENTS READ THIS

We want an agent in this county to whom we will pay a salary of $100 per month and expenses to sell our wonderful invention. **Sample free.** Address at once SHERMAN & CO., Marshall, Michigan. 1 4w

GRAND AUCTION SALE!

—OF—

MAGNIFICENT SILVER GOODS,

NOW IN PROGRESS, AND WILL CONTINUE EVERY AFTERNOON AT 2 1-2 O'CLOCK AND EVERY EVENING AT 7 1-2 O'CLOCK FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS AT LEAST.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, &c., &c.

Such an opportunity to buy this kind and quality of goods, at your own price, will never. perhaps, occur again. These goods are all FIRST-CLASS,

AND WARRANTED, OR MONEY REFUNDED.

☞ ALL MY STOCK WILL BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE. ☜

COL. RUTHERFORD, of Phila, Auctioneer.

v12 no1

FRANK P. BLAIR.

H. K. Hicks, Hardware, Stoves, Etc.

Imperial, Susquehanna, Keystone and Standard

COOKING STOVES,

—ALL OF WHICH HAVE—

REVERSIBLE TOPS.

☞I AM THE SOLE AGENT.☜

I HAVE TOO MANY KINDS OF PARLOR STOVES TO MENTION ANY ONE PARTICULAR KIND.

☞COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES, AND BE CONVINCED AS TO STYLE, QUALITY AND PRICE.

H. K. HICKS' HARDWARE.

PUBLIC SALE!

THE McCALMONT FARM in Marion township, Centre County, Pa., including the celebrated iron ore mine at Orphans' Court Sale! Will be exposed at public sale' on the premises by order of the Orphrns Court of Centre county on

Thursday, January 29, 1880,

all that messuage or tract of land known as the JAMES A. McCALMONT FARM, located in Marion township, Centre county, Pa., about 1 mile west of Jacksonville, bounded by lands of Wilson Beck, Joseph Long, heirs of John Beatty and heirs of Thomas Huston, containing about 193 acres, net measure, belonging to and to be sold as the property of James A. McCalmont, deceased. About 150 acres are cleared and in a high state of cultivation on which are

A Good Mansion House

with wells and cistern, frame barn, and two tenement houses, and fields divided into convenient size, with good fences surrounding. The balance of the land is covered with thriving timber. This farm contains the celebrated iron ore bank known as the "McCalmont Pipe Iron Ore," which is of the best quality; in addition to which there are indications of other ore in the fields which may be washed from the earth in large quantities.

This farm is located in a good neighborhood, convenient to churches, schools, mills, and within three miles of Howard station on the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad, to which the road descends quite all the way;

Persons wishing to view this property before day of sale are invited to call on James S. and Robert McCalmont, who reside on the premises.

Sale will begin at one o'clock P. M.

TERMS:—One third of the purchase money to paid upon confirmation of sale, one-third in one year thereafter, and the balance in two years—the two latter payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises with interest from confirmation of sale.

1 ts WM. SHORTLIDGE, Executor.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of FELIX DALE, dec'd., late of College township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them legally authenticated.

The books and papers will be found in the hands of Thomas Dale who will settle all claims and pay all bills.

THOMAS DALE, Lemont P. O.,
JOHN L. DALE, Houserville P. O.,
51-6t Executors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank of Bellefonte, at Bellefonte, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business Dec 12, 1879

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$270,213.29
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	18,495.00
Due from approved reserve agents	17,113.09
" " other National Banks	2,138.77
" " State Banks and Bankers	11,169.02
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures	27,289.01
Current Expenses and Taxes paid	2,920.08
Checks and other cash items	1,534.39
Bills of other Banks	1,523.00
Fractional currency (including nickels)	275.42
Specie	5,491.50
Legal tender notes	28,210.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	4,500.00
Due fr. U. S. Treas. other than 5 per ct. redemption fund.	499.6
Total	$491,372.10

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000.00
Surplus fund	35,000.00
Undivided profits	8,046 43
National Bank notes outstanding	90,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	79,868.99
Time certificates of deposits	137,628.24
Due to other National Banks	40,825.52
Due to State Banks and Bankers	2.92
Total	$491,372.10

State of Pennsylvania, [*S. S.*]
COUNTY OF CENTRE.

I, John P. Harris, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN P. HARRIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of December, 1879.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, Notary Public.

Correct—attest,

E. C. HUMES, ADAM HOY, JAS. A. BEAVER. } Directors.

On 30 Days Trial

We will send our ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELTS and other Electric Appliances on trial for 30 days to those suffering from Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Paralysis or any diseases of the liver or kidneys, and many other diseases. A *sure cure* guaranteed or *no pay*. Address VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich. 1 4t

CAUTION.—Notice is hereby given that all the personal property in the possession of John Hite of College township, belongs to me, a portion thereof having been purchased by me at Constable's Sale, Sept. 4th, 1879, and the residence having been loaned by me to him, and all thereof being left with him during my pleasure only. All persons are therefore cautioned against purchasing, meddling or interfering in any way whatever with the same.

vol. 12-no. 2-46.*

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the estate of Samuel Shoemaker and of Rose Shoemaker, deceased, late of Bellefonte, having been granted the undersigned all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated, for settlement. ELLEN HARRIS, Administratrix.

1 6t

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. Charles A. Mayer, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 25th judicial district, consisting of the Counties of Centre, Clinton and Clearfield, and the Hon. Samuel Frank and the Hon. John Divens, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date, 11th day of Dec., A. D., 1879, to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of Jan. next, being the 26th day of Jan. 1880, and to continue three weeks. Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 1st day of Jan., in the year of our Lord, 1880 and in the one hundred and third year of the independence of the United States.

JOHN SPANGLER, Sheriff.

1-4t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre County, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of Frederick Houser, Executor, &c., of Daniel Houser, dec'd, among those legally entitled to receive the same, will meet all parties interested at his office in BELLEFONTE, on MONDAY, the 12th day of JANUARY, 1880, at 10 o'clock, a. m., when and where their claims must be presented or they will be debarred the fund. JOHN B. LINN, Auditor.

Dec. 12, 1879. 50-3t

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Half Moon township, having been granted the undersigned, persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make arrangements for payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated, for settlement.

1 3w* MARY. I. WILSON, GEO. W. FISHER, Loveville, THOS. W. FISHER, Fleming, Pa.

NEW. UNION CEMETERY—APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.—Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to a law judge of Centre county on the 26th day of January, A. D. 1880, under the act of Assembly approved April 29, 1874, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called, "The New Union Cemetery," the object of which is to purchase real estate and lay the same out in lots for purposes of sepulture.

ALEXANDER & BOWER, Solicitors for Applicants.

1 3t

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.—Estate of ISABELLA PETTIT, deceased. Letters testamentary upon the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

1 6t MARY L. MAYBRIDE, Executrix.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned upon the estate of Jacob Goss, deceased, late of Thomas Wilson, of Half Moon township, all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby notifiedto come forward and make immediate payment, and persons having claims against the said estate will please present them duly authenticated for settlement. W. H. GOSS.

Rock Spring P. O., Dec. 2, 1879. 49-6t*

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at their office in PHILADELPHIA, on the THIRD MONDAY, the 19th day of JANUARY, 1880, at 3 o'clock, P. M., for the election of Directors to serve the ensuing year, and for the transaction of other business.

WILLIAM YARNALL, Secretary.

51-3t

AGENTS WANTED For the *Best* and *Fastest-Selling* Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa. vol. 12-no. 2-4-w.

GENTS WANTED FOR A TOUR AROUND THE WORLD BY GENERAL GRANT. PRICE ONLY $3

This is the fastest-selling book ever published, and the only complete and authentic History of Grant's Travels. Send for circulars containing a full description of the work and our extra terms to Agents. Address, National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 50-4w

A. J. CRUSE.

CIGARS. CIGARS.

A LARGE STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND OF

MY OWN MAKE.

Dealers will find it to their advantage to examine my stock

Before Ordering Elsewhere.

ALSO,

CHEWING

AND

SMOKING TOBACCOS,

PIPES, &c.

A. J. CRUSE,

BUSH HOUSE,

40-3m BELLEFONTE, PA.

J. H. Bauland's Bee Hive Store.

J. H. BAULAND'S

ALLEGHENY ST., BELEFONTE, PA.,

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY GOODS

—AT THE—

BEE HIVE

ONE PRICE EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS STORE.

I AM OFFERING THE

LARGEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK OF DRY GOODS IN CENTRE COUNTY.

Every One says that is the Place for Bargains. Go then and be Convinced.

ALL GOODS AT ALL TIMES SOLD AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

Having received an immense stock of goods before the advance I am able to sell Cheaper than any store in town

All My Goods are Marked in Plain Figures.

Hoping to receive an early call, I remain, Respectfully Yours,

J. H. BAULAND.

MY MOTTO IS: "One price—the very lowest—and no misrepresentation." 48-tf

Lawrence L. Brown—Coal, Grain, Plaster, &c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

Grain! Grain! Grain!

LAWRENCE L. BROWN,

Dealer in

COAL, GRAIN, PLASTER, &c.

OFFICE, GRAIN ELEVATOR AND COAL YARD

Near South End Bald Eagle Valley Railroad.

:o:

WILKESBARRE and SHAMOKIN

ANTHRACITE COAL!

Best Qualities Always on Hand,

☞WELL SCREENED, DELIVERED PROMPTLY AND WEIGHTS GUARANTEED.☜

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN AND SEED.

Also keeps on hand a large stock of coarse grains which he sells at lowest market prices, either in small lots or by car loads. It is my endeavor to give good satisfaction to all those who favor me with their patronage, and by so doing I hope to have a continuance of the large trade I have enjoyed since succeeding the late firm of Shortlidge & Co. 11-26-tf

ESTRAY.—Came upon the premises of the subscriber on or about the 29th day of November, 1879, one red heifer, with swallow mark cut out of end of left ear, and one red steer with white spots on sides and one white spot on forehead—no ear marks; both supposed to be about 18 months old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay the damages and take the same away, or they will be disposed according to law.

1 3t GEO. NEERHOOF.

PIANOS Stool, Cover and Book only $143 to $255. 62-OCTS. 13 stops, 3 set reeds 2 Knee Swells, Stool, Book, only $98. ☞Holiday Newspaper Free. Address, Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J. 50-4t

$10,000. SAFETY LAMP. AGENTS WANTED

Mailed Free for 35 cts. 2 one for $1.

$10,000 will be paid to any person who can explode a Lamp fitted with our PATENTED SAFETY ATTACHMENT.

May use any lamp or burner. Prevents dripping and heating. Send for samples, with size of collar and depth of rest lamp.

S. S. Newton's Safety Lamp Co., 13 West Broadway, New York.

Factory and Office, Binghamton, N. Y. 50-4t

$1200 returns in 30 days on $100 invested. Official reports and information free. Like profits weekly on Stock options of $10 to $50. Address, T. Potter Wight & Co., Bankers, 55 Wall St., N. Y. 50-4 w

AN EXCITING BOOK! 35,000 SOLD!!

STANLEY'S OWN STORY

Of his "Wild Adventures" and "Triumphs," rewritten in the graphic style of HON. J. T. HEADLEY is the only authentic and copyrighted cheap edition. The press commend it. Purchasers praise it. Agents are delighted, as it sells easily and to everybody.

AGENTS WANTED. For illustrated sample pages and extra terms, address, HUBBARD BROS., Pubs., Philadelphia, Pa. 50-4t

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Farm and Fireside.

Thin Seeding.

The following paragraph, although somewhat out of season, so fully corresponds with our views on the subject of seeding that it gives us pleasure to transfer it to our columns. The facts set forth are plain and conclusive, to which we invite the attention of every farmer in the county. The winter is the time to mature plans for farming, and we invite those who have never done so to begin now, especially young farmers. We have no doubt but there are thousands of bushels of wheat thrown away every season in Centre county by planting too much. We know some of our farmers reduced the quantity last fall; but they could have sown less and realized as satisfactory results. We would be glad if we could hear of one single farmer in Centre county who can make as intelligent and practicable a statement as the one we now copy: it would benefit all intelligent farmers. A farmer who has practiced thin seeding for wheat three years, reports in the Ohio *Farmer* that he is so well convinced of the profit of thin seeding that he sowed last fall but seven and a half bushels on ten acres. This writer continues:

"My field, which yielded thirty bushels to the acre this year, was seeded with three pecks to the acre. What first led me to experiment with thin seeding, was counting the grains in the heads of wheat, and finding that they would average thirty or more. It did not take long to reason out the following propositions, which cannot be gainsaid: 1st, If an average head of wheat produces thirty grains, then the yield is thirty fold, and if each grain sown grows to maturity, a bushel of seed to the acre must give a yield of 30 bushels. 2d, A grain of wheat that produces anything can not produce less than a head, and may produce several. By counting the grains of wheat in an ounce of two different samples, and making a calculation, I find that a bushel of seed to the acre will give about eighteen grains to the square foot. As our drills sow in rows from eight to ten inches apart, this would give a plant to every inch in the drill row. I do not believe that it is profitable to try and make up for the poverty of the soil by heavy seeding, and I have met with nothing during the last three years which proves to my mind that more wheat can be grown from six or seven pecks to the acre than three or four. Within a fourth mile of my field of Fultz wheat, which yielded thirty bushels to the acre, was a field of the same size sown with the same variety, and on comparing the fields the last of April or first of May, I concluded that it would outyield mine ten bushels to the acre. It was very thick on the ground, and made as fine a show as I ever saw, but it threshed out 23 bushels to the acre, and as it was manured and on excellent land. I account for the lighter yield only on the ground of too much seed."

Water for Sheep.

It is a great mistake, and the cause of much suffering and loss, not to supply sheep with water, especially milk giving ewes. During the drought of 1868 many flocks were ruined by want of water. I know of a striking instance where the animals wasted and were sent to Chelmsford market in evil condition, the owner being ignorant of the cause. The dealer, who bought them "for a song," first examined the whites of their eyes, thinking they must have the rot or jaundice; but, seeing all right so far, he found that water was the only restorative required.

Grass in a succulent state contains seventy per cent. of moisture, but, when dry, very much less. The same remark holds good for clover, etc. When we give cake, corn, malt combs, bran, etc., which we always do, it becomes absolutely necessary to provide water, or the animals will not thrive. Give the opportunity of judging for themselves by an always available supply, and they will exercise a proper discretion in the matter.

An iron water cart is on most farms an indispensable requisite. When food is too wet and sloppy, dry cotton cake or grain is a good profitable regulator. Turnips or mangels are disproportionately watery as food for animals; hence the loss occasioned by them, especially with breeding sheep. They contain fully nine pints of water to one pint of dry food. Ninety per cent. of water is too much; sixty-five to seventy-six per cent. in pasture grass is the more natural and proper proportion. The human animal frame has seventy-five per cent. of water, just as good grass holds. Meat is dear as food, because it contains, in the lean portions, seventy-five per cent. of water. No wonder that bread and cheese are found far more economical.—*Express.*

That was a triumphal appeal of the lover of antiquity, who in aguing the superiority of an old architecture over the new, said: "Where will you find any modern building that has lasted so long as the ancient?"

Pleuro-Pneumonia.

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—The cattle plague, pleuro-pneumonia, is raging in parts of this county, and has made alarming progress among the large herd of fine cattle belonging to Mr. Charles Krauss, of Kraussdale, in Lower Milford township. It first broke out about three weeks ago. Mr. Krauss is an extensive farmer, and his stock is of the best in the State. His lands are in a high state of cultivation, and his farm buildings are large and well arranged for comfort and convenience. Three weeks ago he bought a heifer from Jonas Graber, cattle dealer, of Pennsburg, Montgomery county. The animal showed symptoms of a distemper, but at first no one appeared to be acquainted with the nature of the disease, which hitherto had not prevailed in that vicinity. The veterinary surgeons of the neighborhood were called in, but the symptoms were new to them, and they failed to afford relief. No more than ordinary notice was taken of the sick heifer until three other animals of the herd evinced the same symptoms. Dr. J. C. Michiner, an eminent veterinary surgeon, residing at Line Lexington, Montgomery county, was consulted. Dr. Michiner is one of the gentlemen appointed under the recent acts of the Assembly for the treatment of cattle affected with pleuro-pneumonia to prevent its spread throughout the State. On the 13th ult. he made an examination of the whole herd, which consisted of forty-three head, and twelve were found to be more or less affected. Dr. Michiner then ordered the sick to be separated from the unaffected, and put the farm of Mr. Krauss under strict quarantine, promising to make another examination on Thursday, to ascertain the progress of the disease, and to determine which of the cattle were beyond the hope of recovery and have them killed and buried, as the law provides. Accordingly the doctor came, and after a thorough examination of the affected cattle, condemned seven fine large cows, one splendid Alderney bull and one heifer, all of which were killed and buried on Thursday afternoon. Three or four others will probably share a similar fate in a short time. Upwards of fifty persons were present at the slaughtering of the cattle. Dr. Michiner dissected the greater number of the animals, and explained and described to those present the nature of the disease, which, he said, has its main seat in the lungs, which become hard and increase five fold in size and weight over the normal condition of that organ. The doctor is exceedingly well posted on the disease, and can tell by means of sounding the lungs of cattle which one is diseased, and to what extent, he having not failed in one instance in the cattle killed on Thursday. The most prominent symptoms of the disease is a dry, husky cough, a peculiar sound in the lungs, as if two pieces of paper were rubbed together. The animal affected with the disease is inclined to isolate itself from the others, and in standing it turns the knees of the front legs outward from the body. Loss of appetite, and the skin drawn tightly over the body, are additional symptoms. If farmers notice these peculiarities in their cattle, they should at once notify Dr. Michiner, who will make an examination gratis, the State Government paying him for his services, and there being no expense to the owner of the cattle. His address is Dr. J. R. Michiner, Line Lexington, Montgomery county, or by telegraph, Colmar, which is within half a mile of his residence on the Doylestown railroad. Owing to the strict quarantine, no cattle in other farms are as yet affected, and it is thought the spread of the disease has been prevented by the summary disposal of Mr. Krauss' animals.

Whitewashing.

Well wash the ceiling by washing it twice with water, laying on as much as can well be floated on, then rub the old color up with a stump brush and wipe off with a large sponge. When this is done, stop all the cracks with whiting and plaster of paris. When dry, claricole with size and a little of the whitewash. If very much stained, when this is dry, paint those parts with turps, color, and, if necessary, clarico e again. To make the whitewash, take a dozen pounds of whiting (in large balls), break them up in a pail, and cover with water to soak. During this time melt over a slow fire 4 pounds of common size, and, at the same time, with a palette knife or small trowl, rub up fine about a desert spoonful of blue-black with water to a fine paste; then pour the water off the top of the whiting, and with a stick stir in the black; when well mixed, stir in the melted size and strain. When cold, it is fit for use.

If the jelly is too stiff for use, beat it well up and add a little cold water. Commence whitewashing over the window, and so work from the light; lay off the work into that done, and not all in one direction as in painting. Distemper color of any tint may be made by using any other color instead of the blue-black—as ochre, chrome, dutch-pink, raw sienna for yellows and buff; venetian red, burnt sienna, Indian red, or purple-brown for reds; celestial blue, ultra-marine, indigo for blues; red and blue for purple, gray for lavender; red lead and chrome for orange; brunswick green for greens.

One way of putting it.—Mistress: "Has any one called while we were out, Sarah?" Sarah (the new servant): "Yes, ma'am, two ladies; but I did not catch their names, and they had not got their tickets with them."

The Manure Heap.

There has been too much fertilizing material wasted already in this new country west of the Missouri river. Let farmers take warning from the country many of them have left. They can doubtless remember when the soil in its virgin fertility produced beautifully without the aid of manure, but after a few years of this treatment it began to grow lighter crops, but the ruinous practice of taking off heavy grain crops without returning any plant food to the soil was blindly pursued, till the owners at last awoke to the realization of the fact that the crops from the land hardly paid for the labor of tillage. Then necessity compelled the prodigal owner to set about remedying the evil he had been for years producing. Then it was that he realized the fact in its full force, that the manure he had wasted, was the cause of his deplorable condition. The manure so foolishly thrown away, if returned to the soil would have prevented deterioration and when the price of produce advanced, as the country near to him became more thickly populated, the waste of years might all have been converted into wealth, in place of which however, he was compelled to renewed efforts to acquire a little surplus to purchase manures with, to restore his exhausted soil.

This experience will be again repeated in all this vast territory west of the Missouri river in the next quarter and half century, if the history of the past is not heeded and the manures which accumulate on the farm are not preserved from destruction by the weather and returned to the soil in proper time and season.

Joseph Harris whom none will question as safe authority to follow on the subject of manure management, says in a former number of the *American Agriculturist*: "Now that winter is fairly set in and we have more leisure, we will make one large central manure heap. We draw all the manure and refuse we can find to this central spot to form the basis of the prepared heap. Make the heap six or eight feet wide and four or five feet high. It will soon commence to ferment. Then, every day, as the stables, etc., are cleaned out, wheel the manure on to the top of the heap and spread it. If properly attended to it will ferment all winter. There need be no loss of ammonia. The more I can ferment my manure in the winter the better I like it. It puts it into admirable condition for use on spring crops. The fermentation of the manure renders it more available."

This is a very plain and easily adopted process to have the manure reduced to a fine condition, while it is saved from loss by washing away and bleaching in the sun and wind. When the winter is very dry and the heap requires more water, water can be applied by a spout from the well if for the location of the heap is selected a proper place. Those having windmill pumps will find this a very convenient way of watering the pile when needed. Many farmers feed 100 to 200 head of stock and allow half the substance of their manure to go to waste.—*Kansas Farmer.*

A NEW VOLUME.—*Littell's Living Age* enters upon its one hundred and forty-fourth volume in January. It has just begun the publication, from advance sheets, of a new serial story by an author who does not often come before the public, but has done some of the best literary work of the day. Those who have read "Dorothy Fox" and "Hero Carthew," by Mrs. Parr, published some years ago, do not need to be told that they may expect in her new story, "Adam and Eve," one of the freshest and most charming serials of the present time. Another new serial, by Mrs. Oliphant, also recently begun in *The Living Age*, promises to be one of that author's best productions. In this department of the magazine, through the year, the best foreign authors are represented, and the choicest short stories are included.

In science, art, theology, politics, and general literature, valuable articles are announced for early numbers of the new year, from the pens of Dean Stanley, The Duke of Argyll (First Impressions of America), Dr. W. B. Carpenter, F. R. S., the Archbishop of Canterbury, John Ruskin, Prof. Owen, Prof. Blaikie, James Payn (The Literary Calling and its Future), Jas. A. Froude, Richard A. Proctor, W. Minto (Letters of Charles Dickens), Frances Power Cobbe, Rt. Hon. W. E. Gladstone, and other leading writers, with interesting papers by Mrs. Mulock Craik, Mrs. Oliphant, Sarah Tytler, etc. The recent decided improvement in foreign periodical literature, caused by the establishment of the "Nineteenth Century" and other reviews, is to be carried still further by the founding of new periodicals in England in 1880; and the ablest minds of the time will ever find expression in this literature. *The Living Age* gives their important and indispensable productions with a completeness attempted by no other publication. Its conductors, too, have the advantage of long experience in rendering the quality of its reading as unequalled as is the quantity.

The publishers present to new subscribers for 1880 the six numbers of 1879 which contain the opening chapters of the two new serials above mentioned. The present is therefore a favorable time for beginning a subscription. For fifty-two numbers (besides the free numbers) of sixty-four large pages each (or over 3,300 pages a year), the subscription price ($8,) is low; while for $10.50 the publishers offer to send any one of the American $4 monthlies or weeklies with *The Living Age* for a year (including the extra numbers of the latter,) both postpaid. LITTELL & Co. Boston, are the publishers.

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1880.

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Death from Foul Water.

The evil from stock being compelled to drink foul water was manifest recently in the case of a herd of cows near Lincoln, Nebraska. A statement in the *Country Gentleman* makes public the following facts. The cows were all on one herding ground near the city and within a range of about one mile along a water course from which all drank. The cause was plain, and might have been known as well before the cows died as after. A large quantity of offal and filth had been thrown into and along the banks of the stream, and near by were something like a dozen dead horses, which, during the season, had been hauled there from the city and left exposed, instead of being buried. As a consequence, the water was foul and the air noxious, and a few cattle died. Within a week, however, the owners were sufficiently stirred up to smell the cause. The cows were removed to other grounds where there was pure water and pure air, and the "epidemic" was past.

Another case equally remarkable showing the fatal effects of filthy water on stock is reported by the *American Stockman* of Chicago.

"Some weeks ago," says the *Stockman*, "there were brought to this market from Sangamon and Morgan counties some stock cattle which seemed in healthy condition, and so were bought by some of the brokers here and found their way to Ogle county. Not long after they were put on the pastures in the county last named they showed signs of sickness, and several died in a short time afterward. Urged by their well founded fears, the owners hastily shipped some of the stock to this market. Here they were slaughtered and it was found that in the stomachs of the beasts were considerable quantities of mud. In the meantime some of those papers who are ever more eager to create a sensation than to guard the interests of the trade, seized upon the opportunity to excite yet greater fears in the minds of those who had bought of the stock. Various causes were given as leading to the losses, but careful investigation showed that in every case where death had come there were the same symptoms, and the quantities of mud were present in the stomachs. Further inquiry elicited the fact that in the district from which these cattle came, the water course was nearly dry, and that places had been dredged out in the beds of the streams, making what are called in Australia "tanks." Into these the cattle went to cool themselves, and to drink. By their tramping into the soft bed of the tanks they made the whole a mud hole, and having nothing else to drink they soon gathered enough of the thin mud into their stomachs to rather more than satisfy the demands of their systems and to in the end cause death."

A very suggestive little story comes to us from a neighboring town. A man opened a well-furnished store there and attempted to do business without advertising. He said that people would come and trade with him if they wanted to, and no amount of advertising would make them come if they did not desire to patronized him. At any rate, he did not believe in advertising any way, and that settled it. The consequence may readily be imagined. The customers did not flock to his store in crowds, for nobody knew that he was there and wanted to sell his goods, and he was allowed to sit there all alone in his glory with no one to whom he could even speak. One day he died, it is thought through chagrin at the utter failure of his experiment, superintended by a revulsion of feeling occasioned by the stumbling into his store of an old woman who bought a box of matches. At any rate he died, and naturally enough he wasn't missed at first. Three or four days afterwards a strange smell attracted the attention of those who had the occasion to pass his house, and only then was it noticed and remembered that his front door had not been opened for some time. It was broken down, when the cause of the unpleasantness was at once discovered. The man lay as he had fallen, with a pile of his own goods pulled down on top of him as though trying to hide from an advertising solicitor. The posture of the body and attendant circumstances clearly showed that he had died in convulsions. Such was the end of one who did not advertise nor believe in it. There is no need to point the tale with a moral. It don't require a very penetrating optic to see what is intended in giving it publicity.—*Breakfast Table.*

Christmas fast approaches, and no married man with a proper regard for his pocket book will fail to acquaint his wife with the fact that a celebrated physician had declared sealskin unhealthy. Eight cent calico and five-dollar shawls are very wholesome, we believe.—*Norristown Herald.*

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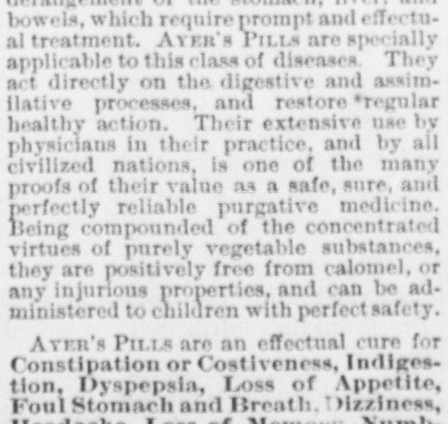

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1880.

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This periodical has always, by its able and scholarly discussions on the questions of the day, as well as by its illustrations—which are prepared by the best artists—exerted a most powerful and beneficial influence upon the public mind.

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"Studying the subject objectively and from the educational point of view—seeking to provide that which, taken altogether, will be of the most service to the largest number—I long ago concluded that, if I could have but one work for a public library, I would select a complete set of *Harper's Magazine.*"—Charles Francis Adams, Jr.

Its contents are contributed by the most eminent authors and artists of Europe and America, while the long experience of its publishers has made them thoroughly conversant with the desire of the public, which they will spare no effort to gratify.

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1880.

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This popular periodical is pre-eminently a journal for the household.

Every number furnishes the latest information in regard to fashions in dress and ornament, the newest and most approved patterns, with descriptive articles derived from authentic and original sources; while its Stories, Poems and Essays on Social and Domestic Topics, give variety to its columns.

The volumes of the *Bazar* begin with the first number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of order.

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$66 A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men. Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. $5 outfit free. Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address, H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine. 11-24-1y

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—The marriage boom goes steadily on.

—Leap-year parties are now in order.

—Boys are wishing for a chance to use their skates.

—Mud was plenty last week, and first class at that.

—Hon. L. A. Mackey was in town last week on railroad business.

—Now is the time to subscribe for the REPUBLICAN and be happy for a year.

—Burglars ransacked the railroad ticket office at Osceola a week ago Sunday night.

—The procuring of a home for their poor is a contemplated move by overseers of Spring twp.

—Tyrone's new depot is expected to be finished and ready for occupancy by the first of May.

—The Bush House has been touched up with the paint brush and otherwise improved in appearance.

—The editor of the Wellsboro *Gazette* was presented with a new year's gift of some substance—a hog.

—Rev. S. E. Furst has been unanimously elected pastor of the Lutheran church for the ensuing year.

—Did you "swear off" smoking with the new year? If you did not, buy your cigars of Harry Green, and get a good article.

—A grand musical convention will be one of the attractions at Spring Mills the coming week, conducted by Prof. P. H. Meyer.

—The Wyckoff pavement before the Bush House underwent some repairing last week, and there is still room for more of it.

—The Uncle Tom's Cabin troupe, eighteen in number, put up at the Bush House. The donkey was the guest of John Sourbeck.

—A deer, which had been mortally wounded, was seen lying by the railroad track, a few miles this side of Tyrone, one day last week.

—Monte Ward, pitcher of the champion Providence club, came home last week for a brief visit. His numerous friends were glad to meet him.

—There was a special meeting of Gregg Post, G. A. R., at their hall on Saturday night. Officers were installed and other important matters transacted.

—The Court House officers, at a meeting held by the Commissioners on Monday night of last week, were re-appointed to fill their positions for the year 1880.

—The *Tribune* says two cars belonging to the Pacific railroad, and loaded with silk worm eggs, destined for Europe, passed through Altoona on Wednesday last.

—The Methodists of Wilmington, Del., are desirous of securing the services of Rev. George W. Miller, formerly pastor of the M. E. church in this place. $2,500 is the tempting salary offered him.

—We regret to learn of the illness of Miss Mollie Nesbit, one of our most accomplished public school teachers, in consequence of which her school is closed for the present. We hope she may speedily recover, and be able to return to her field of usefulness.

—Application has been made to the Town Council for a coal oil street lamp on the corner of Penn and Ridge streets, and the corner of spring and Logan. These are two pokerish places, especially on a dark, stormy night, and a light of some sort should be put up to guide the pedestrian with its friendly rays.

—Blessed is he who sprinkleth ashes on the icy sidewalk, for his praises will be sung aloud by the pedestrians.—Huntingdon *Globe*. His praises will also be sung by the housekeeper when she goes down in the morning and finds a streak of ashes leading from the back door to the sitting room stove.

—It begins to look now as though the erection of a new passenger depot at this place was a settled fact. The want of a new station has long been felt by the traveling public and patrons of the road, and will add considerably to the appearance of the town. The old depot was never fit for anything but a storage room for freight, and when built the convenience to passengers seems to have been thought a minor detail.

Centennial Club Downfall.

The Centennial Temperance Club, an organization started in January of the Centennial year, and which, in its palmiest days, was the means of accomplishing a great deal of good, has at last come to grief through the somewhat "crooked" management of a few of its members. For the past four or five months the club has been in a languishing condition, no interest was taken in the meetings, and little or no effort made to prop up the dying cause. Many of the members violated their pledges and absented themselves from the meetings, and the attendance gradually fell off until there were not enough present to form a quorum. Under this state of affairs a meeting was called a few days ago by a few members, without the knowledge of the president, at which time the list of membership was gone over, and all those who had violated their pledges were stricken off, without being given a hearing, or even proper notice, thereby reducing the membership to nine. The "select nine" then took it upon themselves to disband the club—in itself a high-handed proceeding—appropriated the funds in the treasury and confiscated the furniture and other property belonging to the club. This action is being strongly condemned by the public, especially those who contributed towards furnishing the rooms, and otherwise aiding the club. Although they would have had no more right to do so, yet it would have been much more honorable in them had they donated the funds and property of the club to some charitable institution in our midst, instead of seeking to profit individually by the disbandonment. The president of the club, as soon as he became acquainted with the facts in the case, issued a call for a meeting to investigate the matter, but we go to press too early to give the result of the deliberations.

Of Interest to the Farmer.

Here is an item which will be of interest to the farmer. Mr. John I. Thompson, of Martha, has a way of preparing his corn fodder that, to us, is quite new. On a recent visit to his pleasant place we found Mr. Thompson in the barn *threshing* his corn fodder. He used one of the old-fashioned little Shaker threshers by taking out the teeth from the front concave and in their place inserting knives (made from old scythe blades), then feeds in the stalks. The result is that the fodder is cut up fine and may be more conveniently stored, the cattle eat more of it and waste less, and it makes excellent manure, being rolled easily and free from the stringy stalks so objectionable in corn-fodder compost. Mr. Thompson says this is the only satisfactory fodder-cutter he has ever tried. It is entirely his own idea, but as he has not patented the machine, we give those who may profit by it the benefit of this description.

—A Benner township correspondent disires to know the right course to pursue in case he should receive a proposal this year. Now, this is a ticklish business. The first important move, however, should be to ascertain if the lady's income is sufficient to support him. Then he should look into the habits of his prospective father-in-law a little, and if he is a bigger man than he is, and of a wrathful disposition, he'd better look a "leedle ou-at." But when it comes to the "lolligogging" part, we haven't the slightest idea how to proceed.

—The military drama, "The German Volunteer," is to be placed on the boards at Philipsburg next week, under the auspices of the John W. Geary Post, G. A. R., of that place. This is a very interesting drama if well presented.

—Col. Bachelder delivered his popular lecture on "Battle of Gettysburg," at the Opera House last evening. Owing to our going to press early last evening, we are unable to give an extended notice.

—According to the Newport *Ledger* twenty-three couple in that vicinity embarked in the matrimonial boat on Christmas. Perry county will please come forward.

—All sorts of rumors are still flying about town in regard to the starting up of the car works, and every other industry in this vicinity which is lying idle.

—Brake and Kerr are the names of two parties who were spliced in Harrisburg the other day. Brake-Kerrs ahead!

—After the week of gloom the bright sun and clear sky of last Saturday was hailed with gladness.

—The rain and warm weather has started the grass to growing in some parts of the county.

More Nuptials.

The marriage of Dr. R. L. Dartt to Miss Lide Leib, of this place, was celebrated last Wednesday evening at the residence of the bride's mother, on Spring street. The wedding was a very quiet affair, without any show or display whatever, but was, nevertheless, a happy event to those directly concerned, as well as the few invited friends and relatives who were present. Rev. Yocum, of the Methodist church, officiated, and after the ceremony was over, and congratulations offered, a bountiful feast was partaken of, after which the happy couple were driven to their stately residence on Allegheny street. Dr. Dartt, although a young man, has been very successful in his ministrations to the sick. He has a large and steadily growing practice, and enjoys the confidence of a large circle of friends. Of the lady whom he has chosen as his companion through life, none but words of commendation can be spoken. Unassuming in all things, gentle and pleasant, she will preside with grace and dignity over his beautiful home. We wish them happiness and prosperity, and may their boat glide through smooth waters.

—A venerable and much respected couple of Halfmoon township, Mr. Thomas Wilson and Hannah, his wife, departed this life on the 15th and 18th of December last, aged, respectively, 84 and 86 years, leaving six daughters and one son to mourn their loss. Mr. Wilson was the son of George Wilson, an early settler in Half Moon valley, who, with Thomas Downing, the father of Mrs. Wilson, and Thomas Moore, were the founders of the Society of Friends in this county.

—In the rear of the depot there is a pile of grind-stones, and on Thursday afternoon there was a pile of boys up on top of them holding a sort of a jubilee. In their antics, one of them fell off and butted his head against the sides in his descent. Then their was a pile of howling, and the juvenile assemblage immediately adjourned.

—A very important resolution, which the people of this vicinity should make immediately, is to purchase their groceries in the future of Sechler & Co. You will then feel well, enjoy good health, and be lucky during the year. Pure groceries are more lasting than inferior goods, and are much cheaper in the end.

—A very useful and convenient little article, for pairing and trimming the finger nails, has recently been placed upon the market. They may be had at the Singer Sewing Machine agency, Allegheny street. The price is 25 cents, and they are well worth the money.

—Editor Kurtz, of the Centre *Reporter*, met with an accident a few days since, by which one of his ribs was fractured. He slipped on the ice and was thrown violently against a hydrant. We are glad to hear that he has recovered, and is able to resume his duties.

—Some people are troubled with heart burn from smoking, but we never heard of Harry Green's cigars giving anybody this complaint. His are the best that the market affords.

—What did you swear not to do this year?—*Bradford News*. Well, among other things we swore not to take any more second-hand clothing on subscription.

—If we don't get some freezing weather, so that the ice men can fill their ice houses, ice cream will be about four dollars a pint next summer.

—The Holidaysburg *Register* began the new year by printing its first number bottom side upwards. At least the copy we received was.

—The inmates of the Clearfield jail were cheered up by a serenade by the Citizen's band, of that place, on New Year's day.

—The printers of Altoona contemplate celebrating the anniversary of Dr. Franklin's birth with a grand supper.

—February 22d is the next holiday, and it comes on Sunday. This will make the school boys scowl.

—The rise in the Susquehanna made rafting business lively about Lock Haven last week.

—Job work, both plain and fancy, neatly executed at this office. Send in your orders.

—Altoona's artisian well has reached a depth of 1900 feet. Considerable of a hole.

—There was a good deal of bell music on our streets last week.

—Young ladies should look before they leap.

Showmen in Trouble.

At the African M. E. church, last Sunday evening, Preacher Palmer took occasion to give the members of his flock some advice in regard to attending traveling shows, alleging that the practice was corrupting in more ways than one. In an off-handed manner he alluded to the Uncle Tom Cabin troupe which exhibited here on Saturday night. Several colored men belonging to the troupe happened to be present at the time, and took great offense at the preacher's words. They soon afterwards left the building, muttering as they passed out, and went down to the Bush House, where they waited on the sidewalk for the preacher's appearance. When the church was out, and the congregation came down the street, loud inquiries were made for the whereabouts of Mr. Palmer, and fearing that some trouble of a pugilistic nature was brewing, his friends hurried him up the street to his home, the men following and trying to pick him out from the crowd. When everything had quieted down Mr. Palmer went before Justice Smith and entered a complaint against the men on the plea of disturbing the church services and indulging in profane language about the doors of the church. The men were arrested and bound over for their appearance at the Justice's office on Monday morning. At the hearing the evidence seemed to show that the showmen had violated the law in regard to disturbing the peace, but as the preacher bore them no malice the case was fixed up by the defendants paying the costs, which were placed at $19.50.

—"Uncle Tom's Cabin," by Rial & Draper, drew a very large audience at the Opera House on Saturday night. The company came here well recommended, which, with the low prices of admission, was sufficient cause to insure a good house. The play has been brought out here once or twice in the past, but never in such a strong and attractive manner. The characters were all well assumed, and the company is not lacking in scenery and other stage material with which to make the play the more effective and life-like. We have not the space to go into details, but would say that the audience went away well pleased, and the troupe leaves a better feeling behind it than that which attaches to the majority of shows that exhibit here.

—The Centre Co. Mutual Fire Insurance Company, P. of H., convened at the Bush House, last Tuesday week, and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Isaac Frain, of Marion; Vice-President, Lafayette Neff, of Potter; Secretary, George Taylor, of Boggs; Treasurer, J. H. Barnhart, of Spring. This company, in the two years which it has been organized, has insured property in Centre county to the amount of $1,000,000, and seems to be in a very prosperous condition.

—Robt. Burdette, the funny man of the Burlington *Hawkeye*, will lecture before an Altoona audience some time in February. There are a great many people in Bellefonte who would delight to listen to the genial humorist, and we wish a movement might be made to secure his presence here.

—The Baptist church, at Milesburg, was the scene of an interesting and happy event last Wednesday evening, the marriage of Mr. Geo. M. Noll, of Pleasant Gap, to Miss Ida Hall, of Milesburg. We are not acquainted with the contracting parties, but offer our congratulations, all the same.

—The Huntingdon *News* says a deer was found on the Penna. railroad, below Ardenhiem, one day last week, with both its hind legs broken. It is supposed that it was chased by dogs, and being hard pressed, jumped over the embankment at that place, eighteen feet high.

—Mr. Patrick Dooly, whose house was destroyed by fire on the 5th of July last, will soon move into his new residence, erected on the site of the old one.

—J. Simpson Africa, of Huntingdon, has been appointed census supervisor for the seventh district of this State, which embraces Centre county.

—At the meeting of Gregg Post, on the evening of January 3d, seventeen new members were mustered in.

—The Friday evening services at the Episcopal church has been discontinued.

—Surprise parties are scarce about here this winter. Girls, why is this thus?

—The new iron bridge for Port Matilda arrived last Thursday.

—Festivals are raging about Millheim.

Hand Cut Off.

Doctor Stewart, of Pine Glenn, Burnside township, well known throughout this locality, met with quite a serious accident on Friday morning of last week at his planing mill, located about two miles from his house. He was engaged in sawing strips, to be used in packing shingles, and, although he hasn't the slightest knowledge of how it happened, his right hand came suddenly in contact with the saw, and was instantly taken off just above the thumb. The unfortunate man was removed to his home and medical assistance summoned from Bellefonte and Snow Shoe. The wound was very much torn and lacerated, rendering amputation necessary. He is reported as getting along nicely at present, although at times the wounded member is very painful.

Prayers for Everybody.

The week of prayer, which closed Sunday night, was pretty generally observed by the churches of Bellefonte. The meetings were tolerably well attended, and a great deal of interest manifested. Prayers were offered on different evenings, for mechanics, young men and women, members of the editorial and legal profession, clergymen, our President and others holding positions of trust and responsibility. The appeals made were strong and earnest, and if there is any virtue in prayer, and we believe there is, great good will result from the week's labor. At the Methodist church the meetings will be continued every evening this week, and everybody, without regard to creed, is invited to attend.

—We neglected to mention in our last issue the death of Mrs. Annie L. Runkle, wife of Michael Runkle, of Spring township, which occurred on Sunday Morning, Jan. 4th. She had been a robust woman from childhood, until within a few months of her death, when she took a violent cold, which settled on her lungs, and consumption fastened its clutches upon her. She is spoken of as having been a very pleasant woman and a kind neighbor, and was a strict member of the Methodist church. She leaves four children, a married daughter and three little sons.

—Vick's *Floral Guide* for 1880 is before us, and a more instructive or complete annual has never reached our desk. It is a very neatly gotten up work, of one hundred pages, and printed on the finest paper. It contains several hundred fine illustrations, and its whole matter is arranged in an attractive and convenient manner. Send five cents to James Vick, Rochester, N. Y., and secure a copy. It should be in every household.

—Mr. John I. Thompson, of Martha, met with an accident a week ago Tuesday night, which gave the wagon-maker some work. In going home from Port Matilda, after nightfall, he drove off a large bridge, just outside the village, and his horses suddenly springing, broke the tongue out of his wagon, and started off. They were soon secured, however, and Mr. Thompson got home without furthur discomfort.

—Mr. Ed. Garman has given up hoteling for the present and is measuring off calico behind the counters of Guggenheimer's store. Ed. is an agreeable and obliging young man, and will make a good salesman. "Al." is now chief clerk at the Garman House, and knows how to make his guests feel comfortable and at home.

—The Sabbath schools of Philipsburg, says the *Journal*, have began a new course of study in the Bible to continue seven years. That ought to give the schools a pretty good idea of the teachings laid down in the good Book.

—The skating rink, in Bush's Arcade, where the lovers of the graceful sport in this vicinity were wont to display their agility, has been closed for want of sufficient patronage.

—By an explosion of gas two houses in Altoona were considerably torn up last Friday. Fortunately no one was seriously injured.

—The arrival of the "Uncle Tom's Cabin" troupe on Saturday, with their bloodhound, jackass, etc., made quite a bustle about the depot.

—Mr. Hiram Hoffer has disposed of his cigar manufactory to Wm. A. Sweney, the new proprietor of the billiard room.

—Cattle continue to roam about the streets, and the occasional squeal of the festive porker heralds his coming, also.

—In his Sunday evening discourse, Rev. Yocum paid a generous tribute to the late Bishop Haven.

—Ira D. Garman, who is learning the clock-making trade at Coatesville, is at home on a visit.

—Miss Nannie Harris has returned from a visit to Altoona.

Cure for Diptheria.

The following simple treatment for diptheria was handed to us for publication by a lady who has tried it in a number of cases with very gratifying results: Chop some onions and old, rusty fat pork together, until they make a soft mixture; then apply as a poultice to the throat of the patient. Change the poultice frequently. Use chlorate of potash as a gargle. One teaspoonful of chlorate to thirty of water. Take one teaspoonful every two hours and gargle every half hour. Country people who live at some distance from a physician, should cut this out and keep it for future reference.

—Mr. James Vanormer, of Wolf's Store, will move to Bellefonte in the spring and take charge of Humes' grist mill. Mr. Vanormer is a pleasant gentleman and a first-class miller, and will manufacture a superior brand of flour.

—Good, healthy food has a great deal to do with one's happiness, but cannot be made from inferior articles. Therefore, buy your spices and groceries from Sechler & Co., where none but the purest are kept.

—We are agents for Sawyer's Woolen Mills; and also for Kipper's foreign woolens. The finest fabrics. All wool suits to order, *Twelve and one-half Dollars*.

2tf MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Bishop Wayman, of the African M. E. Church, from Ohio, will lecture in the Court House on the evening of Jan. 22d, for the benefit of the colored church of this place.

—If you want to buy a nice silver table service, go to Blair's auction every afternoon and evening. The goods are going at a great sacrifice

—Frank Crosswaite has been "subbing" for the Milesburg switch-tender for some time, and taking his "hash" at the Central Hotel.

—The attendance in Sunday-schools has begun to fall off and will continue slim until within about two Sundays before next Christmas.

—Sechler's meat market is supplied with the best stall fed beef to be found in the county. Sechler's is the tender beef.

—The desire to get pure groceries brings customers to Sechler's store from all parts of the county.

—If you want to buy a nice ring for your lady love, go to Blair's auction.

—If you want to buy a nice watch, go to Blair's auction.

—Clearfield leads off with a leap year party.

—Chew Jackson's best sweet navy tobacco. vol 11-5-1y

CUT this out and hand it to your neighbor!

BROWN'S DIABETIC CURE,

Established 8 years ago at Green Springs Sandusky county, Ohio, continues to be the wonder of the age in its marvelous cures of *Diabetes, Diureses, Gravel*, and all forms of *Kidney* and *Bladder* Diseases. To be convinced come or send for a circular and sworn testimony. J. L. BROWN, M. D., Physician in charge.

O. J. SHUTTS, S. H. SMITH, } Trustees. 11-15-1y

HAPPY VOICES. (Copyrighted.)

How glad happy voices,
Like sweet Sabbath bells,
O'er the hills and the vales,
The glad story tells

of the celebrated STAR PARLOR ORGAN, manufactured by Alleger, Bowlby & Co., Washington, N. J. The finest organ for less money than any in the United States. Write to them.

MARRIED.

STORER—HULL.—On December 25, at the residence of the bride's parents at Zion, Mr. Samuel W. Storer, of Farmer's Mills, to Miss Susan E. Hull.

DIED.

MULLHULON.—At Snow Shoe, Jan. 5, William Mullhulon, aged 23 years.

RYMAN.—At Milesburg, Dec. 30, 1879, Mrs. Jane L. Ryman, widow of the late Charles G. Ryman.

The Markets.

January 13, 1880

QUOTATIONS.

White wheat per bushel	$1 40
Amber wheat	1 40
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, cob	40
Corn, shelled	50
Oats new	30@35
Cloverseed	$5 00@5 50
Flour, retail, per barrel	6 75@7 00
Flour, wholesale	6 75@7 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$15 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	14 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	6 50
Short straw per ton	5 50@6 50

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 9 00
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected weekly by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	4
Fresh butter per pound	25
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	8
Hams, sugar cured	10
Bacon	6
Lard per pound	6
Eggs per doz	25
Potatoes per bushel	55
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	15
Lemons per doz	15
Dried sweet corn per pound	
Small Onions per quart	